The Hebrew.

וחיי עולם נטע בתוכינו—"The Eternal Life He planted amongst us."

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The Hebrew

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THE ROTHSCHILDS.

A MAGNIFICENT HEBREW WEDDING.

On Wednesday evening, the 7th June, Miss Evelina de Rothschild, the second daughter, of Baron Lionel de Rothschild, was married with princely state and ceremony, to her cousin Ferdinand, in the Baron's new mansion at Hyde Park Corner. The London *Times* gives the following account of the ceremony:

"The marriage was celebrated in the ball-room soon after 6 o'clock, and at its conclusion all the wedding guests were entertained at a most suberb banquet. The mansion, which in the splendor and richness of its internal arrangements has few equals in England, was specially decorated for the occasion. Great banks of flowers and rare plants were grouped in mosses between the marble columns of the grand staircase, and all the niches and balustrades were filled with flowers till the air was heavy with their pertume. The gallery in which the banquet was served presented a really splendid aspect. The walls between the mirrors were drapen with white lace, and over these light-traceried hangings were wreaths of roses, making the colors of the bridesmaids—pink and white. Groups of orange blossoms, lilies, and other emblematic flowers suited to the occasion, were interspersed, while along the length of the saloon were ranged the tables. In this age of progress tables turn instead of groaning, otherwise they might certainly have been expected to remonstrate yesterday at the weight of the ornaments with which they seemed overborne. The masterpieces of Sevres, Dresden and Worcester were skillfully combined with racing cups, great tankards, epergnes and costly centrepieces, both of gold and silver. Those invited to the wedding included the Austrian Ambassador and the Countess Apponyi, the French Ambassador, the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland, the Duke and Duchess of Somerset, the Duchess of St. Albans and Lady Diana Beauclerk, the Duchess of Manchester, the Duke and Duchess of Newcastle, the Duke and Duchess of Wellington, the Marquis of Huntly, the Marchioness of Downshire and Lady Alice Hill, the Marquis of Conyngham, the Marchioness of Ailesbury, the Earl and Countess of Essex, the Earl of Cadogan, the Earl of Dudley, the Countess of Gifford, the Countess Spencer, the Countess of Clarendon, the Earl and Lady Constance Grosvenor, Lord and Lady Cecilia Bingham, Viscount and Viscountess Walden, Viscount Falkland, Lord Henry Lennox, Lord Houghton, Lord and Lady Southampton, Lord and Lady Stanley of Alderly, Lord John Hay, Lord William Hay, Lady Rachel Butler, the Speaker, and Lady Charlotte Denison, Sir Alexander Cockburn. Sir Robert and Lady Emily Peel, Mr. and Mrs. Disraeli, Mr. Lowe, Mr. C. P. Villiers, &c. Shortly after 6 o'clock, the guests having assembled in the ball-room, Dr. Adler, the chief rabbi, assisted by Dr. Kalish and Mr. Green, prepared to perform the ceremony according to the ancient rites of the Jewish religion. A velvet canopy, supported at the four corners by the bridegroom's *garcons d' honneur*, was carried to the upper end of the ball-room. The bridegroom, Baron Ferdinand, was then led in by his nearest male relatives, and placed under the canopy. The bride, who till then had remained in her own apartment, now descended to the ball-room, attended by fourteen bridesmaids, attired in pink and white. The young ladies, who thus shone in fair array behind the centre figure, were Lady Diana Beauclerk, Lady Alice Hill, Miss Edith Montgomery, Miss Sybil Montgomery, Miss Ethel Lennox, Miss De Rothschild, Miss Annie De Rothschild Miss Hannah De Rothschild, Miss Alice De Rothschild, Miss Emma De Rothschild, and the Misses Margaret, Adelaide, Georgiana and Bettina De Rothschild. At the door of the ball-room the bride, who wore a dress of white lace, was met by her mother, who, assisted by her bridesmaids, completely enveloped her whole figure in a rich veil, which reached to the ground. She was then led into the ball-room with the same ceremony as the bridegroom and placed with him under the canopy. All the gentlemen of the Hebrew faith having put on their hats, and the chief rabbi having pronounced a brief exhortation to the betrothed, the service commenced in Hebrew. The first portion having been concluded, the bride and bridegroom drank of a cup of wine and water, and Baron Ferdinand, taking the ring, placed it on the bride's finger, repeating slowly and distinctly in Hebrew, 'Behold thou art betrothed unto me with this ring, according to the rites of Moses and Israel.' The marriage contract was then read, and prayers resumed. At the conclusion of these the newmarried couple again drank a glass of wine between them, and the glass being placed on the ground empty, the bridegroom crushed it with his foot, all his relatives and friends wishing aloud at the same moment that the marriage might be happy, and the bride and bridegroom as irrevocably joined as the pieces of glass were forever sundered.

"At the conclusion of the ceremony the guests adjourned to the banqueting-room, where the sumptuous entertainment we have already spoken of was held. The health, of the 'bride and bridegroom' was proposed by Mr. Disraeli; the 'foreign guests,' by the Duke of Somerset, and that of the 'bridesmaids,' by the Lord Chief-Justice of England. In the course of his speech, the learned Chief Justice said: 'Why, of all men in the world, I, an old, staid, grave Chief-Justice of many years standing, should be solicited to do this, I confess I am unable to say, although in one respect they may be some justice in the selection, for, having attended at many wedding ceremonies, I have always found that the interest centres rather in the bridesmaids than in the bride. The bride is lost to all—she is exclusively the property of another. As we are now between Epsom and Ascot, I may be permitted to borrow a word from the turf, and say she is no longer in the betting; she has been made 'safe.' [Laughter.] And so far as she is concerned, we have come to the last chapter of the third volume—[laughter]—in which she has realized the happiness in which we all rejoice. In her union with the object of her affections she must be content; for that inestimable blessing she must be willing to sacrifice some of the interest we have hitherto felt in her. But, on the other hand, the bridesmaids are still open to those aspiration and hopes in which perhaps some gentlemen here may possibly indulge. [Hear, hear, and laughter.] With them the romances of life has not been converted into a reality. The blossom is still on the bough, the sprig is still on the stem, and we may watch with interest the time when the bloom may be woven into a marriage chaplet which shall crown some future maiden on an occasion as gay and festive as this. This reminds me that the weddings of the Rothschilds are specially auspicious for bridesmaids. At the last wedding of a member of this family, it was attended, like this, by many beautiful bridesmaids, and they all shortly afterwards became brides. May the omen be propitious!"

"Mr. Bernal Osborne, M. P., in returning thanks for the bridesmaids, rallied two or three bachelor lords present for not springing to their feet to do honor to such a toast. In concluding, he proposed as a sentiment, 'the ladies: the only enduring tribunal; who rule without law, decide without appeal, are never in the wrong.'

"Later in the evening, the Baroness gave a ball, which was attended by the Duke of Cambridge, the Duchess d'Aumale, and by all the leading members of the aristocracy and fashion."

DISCOVERY OF THE REMAINS OF DANTE.

REMARKABLE EXHUMATION AT RAVENNA.

The recent demonstration in Italy in honor of Dante has brought about the discovery of the remains of the great poet. The particulars are thus detailed in the correspondence of the London *Daily News:*

"The discovery of Dante's remains, communicated yesterday morning from Ravenna by telegram to the Ministry of Public Instruction here in Florence, has been the theme of general conversation. From some friends who were at Ravenna at the moment of the discovery, I have this day learnt the particulars, which are as follows: Whilst some workmen were employed in clearing the chapel which contains Dante's monument from the outbuildings surrounding it, a peculiar noise in striking the outer wall suggested to them that some hollow might be found within. Accordingly, on using some violence on that portion of the wall where the hollow sound was produced, a wooden coffin was discovered, from which several bones fell out in the confusion of the first discovery. On a scrool within the coffin was found written: 'Dantis ossa a me Frate Antonio Santi hic posita 1676, die 18 Octobris;' and inside the lid of the coffin the following inscription was placed: 'Dantis ossa denuper revisa 3 Junii. 1677.' The coffin had been stowed away with its precious deposit within this mural sepulchre at that date, and had remained there till now. The Italian deputy Monzani, Colonel Malenchini, and Otto Vannucci were in 'Dante's chapel' at the moment of the interesting discovery.

"The Prefect and Mayor of Ravenna were forthwith called to the spot. The skeleton, head and bones of Dante were examined carefully in their presence. Save a fragment of the cranium, the whole of the lower jaw, and three joints of the right hand, which were missing, all the bones were found to be intact. The head was moderately large, broad at the temples, whilst the base of the skull bears token of an equally large development. The archives of the Franciscan convent of Ravenna were forthwith searched by the party; and amongst the *atti* of the Franciscan Brethren, at the date indicated by the inscription on the lid of Dante's coffin, were found the various acts relating to the subject; all were signed by the same Frate Santi, whose name is on the scrool, and who styles himself moreover 'Cancelliere' of the convent. Dante's chapel is known to have been under the charge of the Franciscans. It would seem that when a certain Cardinal Corsi wished, to embellish the chapel of Dante, two centuries since, the friars, possibly suspecting mischief refused, at first most strenuously, to grant his request. By dint of perseverance, however, the Cardinal obtained his aim in 1692. But before he could get possession of the relics (as we see by the date), the brethren had safely stowed away the remains of the poet within the mural sepulchre where they were now found, having secretly removed them from their former position in the monument in the chapel which takes its name from the poet. Dante's coffin has now been placed within a strong box or outer coffin, to which four seals of the commune have been affixed. The whole of this curious transaction has been noted down in the state archives, with the names of the municipal authorities and of the gentlemen who were present."

M. Alexandre Carpi has addressed a circular to the Hebrew residents of Bologna, to organize a Congregation, erect a Synagogue, and select a Chief Rabbi.

THE HOLYDAYS.—Divine service for the coming holydays will be held in Platt's Lower Hall. Seats can be secured by application to any of the committee, whose names are to be found in our advertising columns. Early application should be made, or the choice seats will all be taken.

HOW ST. SOPHIA BECAME A MOSQUE.

The Christian history of St. Sophia terminates with that fatal moment when the conquering Mahomet at the head of his "viziers, bashaws, and guards," each of whom, in the words of one of the historians, "was robust as Hercules, dexterous as Appolo, and equal in battle to any ten ordinary mortals," rode to the great door, and with difficulty forcing a passage through the horror-stricken crowd, advanced to the high altar and took possession of it in the name of Islam, with the well-known formula: "There is no God but God, and Mahomet is the prophet of God." Even for the material structure itself, the word of destruction far exceeds all that had gone before, although Gibbon, with much truth, if with bitterness, remarks that the example of sacrilege was imitated from the Latin conquors of Constantinople. The narrative of Phranza is deeply pathetic. In his highly-wrought phrase, "the earthly heaven, the second firmament, the vehicle of the cherubim, the throne and the glory of God," was despoiled of the accumulated oblations of ages of pious munificence, and "the gold and silver, the pearls and jewels, the vases and sacerdotal ornaments, were most wickedly converted to the service of mankind. After the divine images had been stripped of all that could be valuable to a profane eye, the canvas, or the wood, was torn, or broken, or burnt, trodden under foot, or applied, in the stables or the kitchen, to the vilest uses."

The memories of that dreadful day still linger in the whispered traditions of the Greeks of Constantinople. A red streak on one of the pillars is pointed out as the mark of the extent of the carnage, and is reputed to have been made by Mahomet himself, who is said to have been able, standing on the heaped-up dead, to reach to this height with his bloody hand. A still more popular tradition is attached to a closed-up door through which it is said that the priest who was celebrating the mass at the moment when the Turks burst open into the church, escaped, with the sacred elements and the most precious relics of the sanctuary. It was in vain that the Turks attempted to pursue him. The door closed behind him. All efforts to force it were fruitless; the priest was seen no more by human eyes; but he is to return once again on the day of retribution, when, under the judgment of God, the crescent shall fall, and the ancient church of Justinian shall again be restored to the long deserted worship of Divine Wisdom. We may add that the mysterious door remained undisturbed till the late restoration of the building, when it was found to lead to a narrow passage blocked up with masses of rubbish and evidently long disused.

On the Friday which followed the storming of the city, the new ritual of St. Sophia was publicly inaugurated. Mahomet, having assembled his troops in the great market place, Akserai, marched in military array to the church. The iman preached from the ambo: the Sultan himself performed the *namaz* or prayer and thanksgiving on the great altar so lately hallowed by the last Christian celebration of the eucharistic sacrifice; and the muezzin proclaimed from the Venetian bell-tower the *ezan*, which never failed from that day: "God is the most High! there is no God but God, and Mahomet is the prophet of God! Come to the Place of tranquility! come to the Asylum of Salvation!"—*Edinburgh Review.*

PRINTING IN OIL COLORS.—This process, by which some charming little pictures have been produced, is thus described in *Chambers' Journal*:—"The most interesting improvement in modern wood-engraving is the printing in oil colors, which has been so successfully established by Mr. George Baxter. It is the old chiaro-oscuro engraving improved and carried on to perfection, and is practised as follows. The ground, minute details, and outlines are depicted on the first block, and printed from it in neutral tint. After this, block succeeds block, each bearing a different color or shade; and some of the beautiful little printed paintings (if we may use the term) we see so cheap have received impression from no less than twenty blocks. This process has been applied to a certain extent in the printing of colored maps, but being too tedious and expensive, has been most ingeniously adapted and modified. Suppose a map wants four colors, four colored blocks are fixed in one frame, which moves by machinery in the most exact way on the table of the printing-press. Beneath this frame a large four-quartered sheet is placed and receives an impression, each quarter bearing a different color. This done the frame is turned round one quarter, bringing a different color to bear on each portion of the printed sheet. The impression is again taken and the process continued until the whole number of colors has been deposited. Even the union of two colors to form a third—namely, yellow and blue to make green—is accomplished now to perfection, from the rapidity by which the process is carried on, and thus six or seven colors may be produced from the four blocks in the frame."

RUSSIA.—The *Avenir National* says:—"It might have been hoped, for the honor of the human species, that there was only one Mouravieff. The Russian Government has, however, found a second. The new dictator sent into Poland is proving as cruel as his predecessor. Imprisonments, confiscations and deportations have recommenced. We find the following in the *Breslau Gazette*, which we reproduce textually:—'Four days ago forty political prisoners, of whom several were in irons, were sent to Siberia. Among the latter was the advocate Kobilanski, who had taken refuge in Paris, but who imprudently made a journey to Vienna. In that city he was arrested by the Austrian police and given up to Russia. He was condemned to death, but his sentence has been commuted into fifteen years' hard labor. He was sent away with his head shaved, and in the ordinary criminal's dress.'" The *Avenir National*, in commenting upon this, says:—"We hope, for the honor of the Austrian Government, that it will be able to contradict the news we have here reproduced."

THE REBEL ATTEMPT TO BURN THE SPRINGFIELD ARMORY.

The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* says:—"The remark has frequently been made that it was singular that among the many nefarious plots of the rebel emissaries in the North, the destruction of the United States armory in this city was never included. The temporary disabling of the shops early in the war would have crippled the government sadly, and there has been no time since when such a disaster would not have been seriously felt. The rebels, however, were not, as is generally supposed, regardless of these facts, and if the armory is still preserved, it is not because they have not made efforts to destroy it. The war is over, and it will now do no harm to make some disclosures touching this point, which for obvious prudential reasons were not made at the time the events to be narrated took place.

"On the morning of the 1st of last December the watchman in the arsenal whose rounds included the stairway to the tower, noticed a piece of paper behind the balustrade on the landing, just below the upper flight of stairs. In conformity with his orders and practice he picked it up and unexpectedly found under it what appeared to be an irregular lump of coal. This he also picked up and carried down, and as it was quite heavy an investigation into its quality was suggested, which, when made by the use of a knife, showed that the 'coal' was really an iron torpedo containing about half a pound of powder, and so arranged with inflammable materials that its bursting would undoubtedly have spread fire in every direction, and in that location have fired the arsenal so completely that its destruction would have been almost certain.

"The matter was pretty thoroughly investigated at the time, and it was demonstrated to a tolerable decree of certainty that the torpedo was left there by two woman, or men in women's clothes, who visited the tower just at dusk, the previous evening, but being accompanied by an employee at the arsenal had not sufficient time while he was closing the scuttle of the tower, to touch a slow match to the torpedo, after depositing it in its carefully chosen place. The clew to the identity of the would-be incendiaries was slight, consisting only of the words '64 Adams House' and 'from Macullar, Williams & Parker,' evidently a paper inclosing a small purchase at their store. The former had been nearly erased, but were made out.

"By following up these indications it was ascertained beyond reasonable doubt that one of the incendiaries was a man who booked himself at the Adams House, November 23, as 'J. Wilkinson, Esq., Chicago. His purchase was proven to have been made on the 26th; he left avowedly for New York on the 28th, but probably came to this city to prospect; returned to the Adams House on the 20th, then registering himself as from Springfield; and left finally on the morning of the 30th, doubtless with his torpedo. A pretty good description of him was obtained, but all attempts to find him have proved fruitless. He had in Boston a companion, and neither seemed to have any particular business. This is by no means the only attempt which has been made to cripple the armory.

"About the same time the large smoke flue from the fires which generate the steam for the heating apparatus of the officers, was pried open between Saturday night and Monday morning, in such away that the blaze from the fires, starting Monday morning, would set fire to the offices and ultimately the long line of shops connected with them. The plot was discovered and foiled in season. Another scheme was equally unsuccessful. A huge bar of iron was put in the machinery of the large engine at the water shops so that it would tear it to pieces soon after starting, but luckily the engine refused to start. Other and similar attempts have been made, but these are enough to show what was intended. Unless the fire of July 3, 1864, was the work of an incendiary, concerning which there is still a difference of opinion, all the attempts at the destruction of government property here have by a rare good fortune failed."

HINTS FOR HOUSEKEEPERS.

A writer "On Furnishing," in *London Society*, gives these hints as to the proper and tasteful furnishing of rooms:

"Our theory is that no one thing should catch the eye. There should be harmony throughout; and we would recommend that great attention be paid to the color of the walls. If they, the ceiling and the carpet are well selected, all other points of detail are like the finishing touches of a picture. The right tone having been attained the rest is comparatively easy.

"We have found grays, light greens, and pale mauve to work up well; and the less pattern there is in the paper the better, unless, for some special reason, a chintz paper is desired. If the room faces the south a cool gray or mauvre is good; and for a north room we have seen a yellowish-green answer admirably, imparting to the room the appearance of sunshine.

"As a rule, we have found it best to avoid reds, especially a dark-red, which is offensively dingy.

"Blue is a dangerous color to use. It is so apt to make a room either gaudy or cold; though we have seen it effectively used with pink to give a Pompadour look.

"For carpets we incline to small inoffensive patterns, and generally avoid those which are flowery, as being in theory and in effect bad.

"As to the arrangement of the furniture it is difficult to say much, as everything depends upon what it consists of. But we have generally found it desirable to keep the centre of the room and the space before the fire quite free, and to eschew a round table. It we must have one we prefer pushing it into some corner of the room—anywhere but in the middle.

"We once asked a lady who was conspicuous for the excellent taste she displayed in furnishing her rooms, wherein her secret lay, and she said that she invariably made it a rule never to employ any one person exclusively. She bought what she wanted wherever she could find it; and certainly the result was perfect. There was a harmony and a variety that was most pleasing."

RUMORED DEFEAT OF THE RUSSIANS IN KHOKAN.

The progress of the Russian arms in Central Asia has just received a serious check. Hitherto everything had favored the progress of General Endokimoff, whose successes were as much due to the exertions of Prince Gortschakoff as to the military talents of the generals of the Czar. Having made friends of the important population belonging to the Khanat of Khokan, called Kaissaks, General Endokimoff carried his army of 40,000 or 50,000 infantry, with a proportionate force of cavalry and artillery, into these districts of Central Asia, knowing well how far he could count upon this people. By this means, on the side of Lake Aral, the Russians, without striking a blow, obtained possession of the fortress of Ak-Medjid, a place of great strategic importance, near the mouth of the Sir-Daria. They claimed the fortress as having been sold to them by the late Khan of Khokan, Koadaiar Khan, now an exile at Bokhara. On the side of Turkistan the Russians, after fifteen days' march, advanced to Hodja-Ahmed, the Tesak of the Russians, and thence, after another march of six days, they reached the fortress of Tchimkett, otherwise known as Toumkat, a place only three or four days march from Tachkend. This progress of the Russians, made without firing a shot, was altogether due to the assistance and countenance of the Kaissaks, who, partly on account of their Russianised habits, and partly owing to their wealth in cattle, which causes them to desire the protection of the Russians, thus lend all the aid in their power to their projects of domination. The great object of the late march of the Russians has been to obtain possession of the town of Tachkend, as occupying a point strategically the most favorable to their views, being on one side the key to the Khanat of Khokan, and on the other seriously threatening the Khanat of Bokhara, if the latter ventured to offer any assistance to the former. General Endokimoff, after his march of twenty-one days, was able to arrive almost at the gates of Tchimkett, and he attempted to obtain possession of the place with the view of the future occupation of Tachkend. He imagined, it would seem, that the Khokanese commander would at once open the gates, and little anticipated that in place of an easy conquest he would find the Regent of Khokan, the Emir Mera-Ali-Khanli, at the head of a numerous force, ready to oppose him. The Russian General, seeing the town in a perfect state of defense, with a battery of 50 cannon, gave up all idea of attacking it, and gave battle instead to the Emir. The conflict was a bloody one, and ended in the defeat of the Russians, who were compelled to fall back upon Hodja-Ahmed with a precipitancy which amounted to a flight. The Khokanese had about 1,000 killed and wounded; and the Russians, it is said, about four times that number.

INFLUENCE OF FORESTS ON CLIMATE AND SOIL.

From an able address by Professor A. Winchell, on "The soils and subsoils of Michigan," we extract the following, which ought to be read by every farmer, and, if necessary, to keep in memory, framed and hung up in his house. Its truths apply not only to that State, but far beyond it, and are of great importance.

"The earliest and most pervading agency exerted by man in the modifications of the soils of the peninsula is the destruction of forests. Forests are the garments of the soil. They protect it equally from excessive cold and excessive heat. They shelter the snows from the drifting power of the wind, and are thus enabled to await the lapse of the rigorous winter, their feet being wrapped in a fleecy blanket. Every autumn they pay back to the soil, with interest, all that the soil has expended upon them. They fend off the burning rays of the summer sun, and restrain the fervor of the atmosphere. They shield the soil from the evaporative influences, and maintain an equable degree of humidity. On sloping surfaces they bind together the soil, and resist the denudations of torrents.

"All these conditions and results are changed when the forest is removed. The sweeping blast of winter strikes the earth with the fury of an invisible demon—drives off the natural covering of the soil, and exposes the roots and stems of vegetables to an unwonted and often insufferable trial. The circumstances of springtime are changed. The soil feels every slight fluctuation of temperature—freezing by night and thawing by day—instead of reposing in peaceful shelter under its coat of snow till the unchanging season is able to guaranty a vegetative degree of warmth. And then, when summer comes, the burning sun rapidly drinks up the moisture of the soil, and the whole air becomes torrid and dry. Instead of a regular humidity and gentle rains; the agency of man has substituted alternating thirst and floods. And, on hill-slopes where the natural ligatures of the soil have been removed, sudden torrents wash it away; and score the earth with ugly gorges and ravines.

"A most striking example of the effects of clearing a fine and incoherent soil is seen in the rear of Vicksburg, where recurring torrents have gnawed the hillside into most unsightly shapes; and whole plantations have been borne into the Big Black and the Mississippi, to find their way to the Balize.

"Similar in kind are the effects on our gravelly hillsides. It is not cropping that deteriorates their soils so much as the action of torrents in transporting the alluvial particles to lower levels. * * * * * * * * Such results should be foreseen and provided against. It should at least be required that all abandoned soils subject to wash should be planted with trees, which will effectually restore the surface to its primitive condition, and compensate, to some extent, for the fearful destruction of the primitive forest. If this matter is overlooked we shall reach the condition of some of the older countries of Europe—fields washed away, villages destoyed, population on the wane, and authorities anxious about the diminishing of revenue."—*Moore's Rural New Yorker.*

Mr. Jules Worms, of Paris, a co-religionist, has taken a first medal, at the Madri exhibition of Fine Arts.

SCIENCE AND ART.

The stimulus to invention of mechanical appliances to electric science by the needs of the great Atlantic Cable, has already been referred to in our columns. One of the most simple and beautiful of these is Professor Thomson's contrivance for measuring the rate of leakage of electric fluid from the charged cable. It is too infinitessimally small to be shown and read by the ordinary galvanometer. Professor Thomson's needle is a minute bit of steel, only a fraction of an inch in length, suspended by a thread with scarcely appreciable torsion, every movement of the minutest kind being exaggerated *ad libitum* by the simple device of attaching to the needle a mirror, which reflects the light of the lamp on a distant scale, showing a little line of light which traverses many inches when the needle moves to an extent barely appreciable to the naked eye. The perfection of the measuring instrument and the cable itself is strikingly shown in the statement that the whole leakage of some hundreds of miles of cable only produces a defection of the same order as that which is caused in the instruments used at the company's works whenever an iron ship passes down the river.

Two Frenchmen, Bellet and de Rouvre, are exhibiting at Versailles an electro magnetic locomotive in a model, which has four wheels with drivers of copper, each carrying twenty horse-shoe magnets their holes being even with the tire. The iron rail attracts these in their order, each being released by breaks at the instant of contact. Its inventors say it can run 120 miles an hour. It is effective as a model, attractive as a curiosity, and may be seductive to some capitalist, but it will probably never reach practical introduction.

Compressed air is introduced as a motive power in a hew loom, the invention of a Mr. Harris of London. The shuttle is driven to and fro by a jet of compressed air at a rate of 240 strokes per minute. The average speed in a power loom is 180 strokes.

England is the great distributor of the Petroleum product of the globe, and British inventive genius is studying every method to turn it to new and extended uses. In some experiments made by Mr. C. J. Richardson, at Woolwich Dockyard, with his improved petroleum boiler, he has succeeded in evaporating 150 gallons of water with 14 gallons of petroleum. It appears that with the improvements, he evaporizes, on the average, at the rate of 12¾ lbs. of water per one gallon of petroleum. and Mr. Richardson anticipates reaching 14 lbs. or 15 lbs. with the gallon of petroleum. For such early trials, he considers the results hitherto obtained as extremely satisfactory. The oil is under perfect control, there is no danger whatever, and the boiler is very easily worked. All this will be eagerly watched on this side of the Atlantic, and the race is now who will quickest realize the problem of petroleum as a fuel.

English papers say that all rifles for military use in the line, will be loaded with explosive shells instead of solid bullets. The master armorer at the Springfield Armory, E. S. Allin, has invented a new breach loading musket so acceptable to the Ordnance Department that 5,000 muskets of the old style are to be forthwith remodeled to the new.

A new London process of photographing on wood extends the art most successfully to decorative purpose, indefinitely and cheaply multiplying ornaments in fresco, panels, pictures, and especially grainings, which can be transferred to new surfaces with the nicest accuracy, and cannot be eradicated any more than common paint. The latest French idea in photography is to put the owner's picture in the corner of his pocket handkerchief. This would not always come under the head of a decorative process, however. It would depend upon the countenance. Photographs of the interiors of chambers of the pyramids have been successfully taken with the aid of the light obtained from the burning magnesium wire.

They are building blast furnaces near Bath, Me., and will commence the reduction of iron ore there found, which promises to yield 40 per cent. A fresh impetus has recently been given to the gold mining excitement in Australia by reported extraordinary success. One company recently struck a lead which yields at the rate of a million and a quarter dollars a year.

As a proof of the commercial value and importance of the new aniline colors, the product of coal oil, it is stated that a single French company has manufactured $1,200,000 worth of them in the past two years. They have supplanted quite a number of substances employed as dyes from time immemorial. Some of the aniline colors, especially aniline blue, are sold for their weight in silver, even as in old times the Tyrian purple was sold for its weight in gold.

Among the recent discoveries noted, are new methods of administering remedies. These as a class are generally, perhaps too generally, viewed with suspicion by the faculty as so many news forms of empirical specialty in treatment. The error, however, is not in examining, but in too hastily or exclusively adopting new methods. Every lover of true science yields to a false professional pride who forgets that the injunction "Hold fast that which is good," comes after the precept to "prove all things." Both the above new classes are under the general rank of processes aiming to reach the circulating system by some other channel than the digestion. In the one a small syringe discharges the medicine through a sharp pointed nozzle that punctures the skin and injects the prescribed quantity much after the manner of a snake bite, or the sting of an insect, the discoverer claiming that the proof of noxious influence so readily communicated, furnishes the hint that remedial results may be similarly reached. The other discovery indulges in the sonorous title of "Nephotherapy," and consists of reducing the remedial agent to a cloud or spray to be inhaled; a modification of the familiar vapor system, and is applicable to all classes of liquid medicinal preparations, especially in throat and lung diseases.

Diamond cameo photograph are succeeding, in England, the common *carte de visite*. The chief peculiarity is that the pictures are busts in oval shape and stamped to a convex shape, giving a beautiful illusion of roundness and relief to the features.

The day after Prince Napoleon returned to Paris from Corsica he received a letter from the Minister of the Interior to say that the Empress wished to see him. The Prince, who knew very well what it was all about, resolved to put the best face he could on the matter. He entered the Empress' apartment in a careless, joyous sort of manner. "Fair cousin," said he, "the Minister of the Interior has asked for my hand, and I now bring it to you." "Sir," replied the Empress, with as much stateliness and gravity as she could muster up, "The Minister has conveyed my orders to you, and I am now awaiting those of the Emperor; I wish you good morning." She then left the room. Prince Napoleon went home to the Palais Royal, and was at Mendon, awaiting the Emperor's orders.

FELIX MENDELSSOHN-BARTHOLDY.

Felix Mendelssohn-Bartholdy, the greatest musical composer of the nineteenth century, was born at Berlin, Prussia, February 3, 1809. His grandfather, Moses Mendelssohn, was a celebrated Jewish philosopher, commonly called the "Socrates of the Jews." His father was a wealthy banker, more favored with the gifts of fortune than of genius; and it is related of him that he was in the habit of saying: "When I was a boy, people used to call me the son, and now they call me the father, of the great Mendelssohn." The precocity of his son's musical talent surpassed even that of Mozart. Before his eighth year, his accurate ear, his strong memory, and, above all, his incredible facility in playing music at sight, excited the wonder of his teachers—Zelter and Berger—and gave room to hope that a successor of Mozart was at hand.

In his ninth year, he performed at a public concert in Berlin, to the admiration of his audience; the following year, the boy-artist accompanied his parents to Paris; and when he was twelve years old, he composed his pianoforte quartette in C minor, which is still found to be full of interest and originality. His first compositions were published in 1824. These were soon followed by many others, among which was an opera, called "The Marriage of Gamacho," which, though betraying inexperience, has much character and many beauties. In 1827 he made a musical tour through Italy, France and England; and conducted, at the philharmonic concert in London, his first symphony, and his overture to the "Midsummer Night's Dream," which produced an electrical effect.

Having now resolved to devote himself exclusively to the artist life, he was appointed, in 1833, to the directorship of the concerts and theatre of Dusseldorf, where, in 1835, he produced his great oratorio of "Paulus;" and ten years afterwards he accepted of the same office at Leipsic, whither young men of talent flocked from all parts of Europe, as well to seek the acquaintance of the leading professor of the day, as to submit their own productions to his judgment. He afterward accepted the musical directorship at Berlin, at the earnest entreaty of the king of Prussia, but resigned it in a short time, and returned to his favorite Leipsic, where he resided till his death, acting as conductor of the concerts, and along with his friend Moscheles, director of the Conservatory of Music. During these labors he repeatedly visited England, to conduct great musical festivals and concerts.

In 1847, his health began to fail, his strength being exhausted by fatigue and excitement; and the sudden death of a favorite sister at this period inflicted upon his nervous system a blow from which it never fully recovered. After trying to recruit his health and spirits amid the scenery of the Alps, he returned to his home apparently in better health; but it again gave way, and on the 8th of November, 1847, the great master and noble artist ceased to breathe, in the prime of life, being less than thirty-nine years of age.

As a composer, Mendelssohn traveled over a wide field of art. But his genius, as it reached maturity, became more profound and lofty; and his two oratorios, "Paulus" and "Elijah," will form his most enduring monuments. His symphonies are ranked only second to those of Haydn, Mozart, and Beethoven. The dramatic character of his genius is evinced, not only by his youthful opera before mentioned, but by his delicious music to the "Midsummer-Night's Dream, by his "First Walpurgis Night," and the powerful choruses for "Antigone," "Atbalia," and "Œdipus." The few songs he wrote, and more especially the "Lieder ohne Wortes," show that, as a graceful and expressive melodist he has no superior. Mendelssohn was singularly happy in every character and relation of life. Born to affluence and ease, he pursued an art with an ardor and activity scarcely ever paralleled; and his artist life was an unbroken career of triumph. As a man, he was loved and esteemed by all; and it is not too much to say, that he had not an enemy in the world.

EUROPEAN AND AFRICAN TROOPS IN MEXICO.

There are now in Mexico forty, thousand European troops all told. Of these, twenty-eight thousand are French—mostly Zouaves, eight thousand Austrians and four thousand Belgians. Among the Zouaves should be counted several regiments of Nubians, Egyptians, or "Turcos" as the Mexicans call them. How these latter will compare with our negro regiments in the United States I can not say, never having seen any large number of them together; but the Africans in the French army are certainly a formidable looking set. They are jet, shiny black—charcoal would make a white mark on some of them—tall, straight, well formed fellows, and very athletic. They are dressed in white from head to foot save when the order of the day is to wear red caps. Then they look like moving beacons. The dress is the loose Zouave trousers, short jacket, open at the chest, leaving the neck bare, they are armed with the musket and sword-bayonet, and owing to their temperament, which enables them to defy the *vomito* and yellow fever, they are used to garrison the towns of the *tierra caliante*, while the Zouaves proper are kept in the interior uplands as much as possible.

As regards the white troops, the French Zouave is much more soldiery and striking than that of the German. These appear to me to be the finest looking troops I have ever seen, taking all things into consideration—the splendid condition of the men, their sprightly, athletic step, the perfection of physical manhood, which the very rigid selection from choice bodies of troops has enabled the French Emperor to throw into the Army of Mexico, the indescribable, free, swinging gait, their feet seeming to leave the ground almost as they touch it, the lithe movements, and appearance of hardy health in the bare throat and bronze features—all these added to the general air of alertness, the *esprit de corps*, the loose gymnats' dress, and lively, slashing look of the fellows, oblige the spectators to pronounce them and their officers (all raised from the ranks) to be the perfection of soldiers.

A trial has just been made at Toulon with an iron-clad, said to be the most useful yet invented. It is a steam gun-boat which can be taken to pieces, draws but little water, and may be removed from one place to another by rail or by an ordinary wagon. This boat is said to be ball-proof, draws but three feet of water when fully laden, and carries a battery of rifled guns in a space where forty gunners as well as the guns are protected. The trial was made in the outer roads of the harbor, and succeeded perfectly in regard to speed, precision in firing and facility in evolution.

Thalberg has settled down into a quiet cultivator of the vine at Pausilippa, where he has inherited from Signor Lablache a picturesque and productive vineyard.

THE ISRAELITES IN ALGIERS.

The Imperial Court of Algiers has just rendered a decision upon a question which has been the subject of a long controversy, namely: Is bigamy permissible to Israelite Algerines? In other words, does the legislature of the Algerine colony guaranty to native Israelites, in matters touching their civil condition, the enjoyment of their special customs?

Conformably to its constant practice the Imperial Court decides that native Israelites shall be governed in Algeria by their peculiar law, because they have never manifested in any manner their purpose of abandoning it to adopt the practice of French law. In this way the Court has pronounced upon a very delicate question—that of bigamy. Such an act, which is apparently in contradiction of the Napoleonic Code, can only be legal in French jurisprudence by the admission of certain maxims relating to the personal status of the Israelites.

The Imperial Court of Algiers has acknowledged the validity of these maxims. It validates a second contract of marriage while the first is not dissolved, and declares legitimate the children of the second alliance.

This decision has been rendered by the judgment of M. Mazel, the Advocate-General. That eminent magistrate, whose opinion has great weight, avowed without hesitation, says the *Akhbar*, an Algerine journal, "his first impressions were not in harmony with the opinion which he afterwards adopted;" but he added, "The highest duty of the magistrate is respect for the law."

The perplexities to which the *Akhbar* refers, in the opinion of the Advocate-General of the Imperial Court of Algeria, proceed from uncertainties which, since 1830, have marked the French administration of government in Algeria.

For a long time the Algerine Israelites claimed the privilege of being elevated to the rank of French citizens; this wish, so legitimate, if it had been acceded to, would have terminated happily all these unfortunate controversies of administration. Those resident at Algiers, as well as those at Oran have taken advantage of the visit of the Emperor, to renew their united application "to be allotted a place in the bosom of the great French family, the equals of their brethren of the metropolis."

The first delegation declared that "the position which they have been made to occupy, in a judicial point of view, is most irregular, and demonstrates every day the imperative necessity of their collective naturalization."

The second deputation, the Israelites of Oran represented to the sovereign of the state, that "fifty thousand of their co-religionists, protected by the glorious pledge of France, who have been for so many centuries without a country, are here again to-day without a country. They venture to ask for one. All their endeavors, like those of their brethren of the mother country, are tending to render them worthy of citizenship. They did not learn till the present time, the uniform application of the French law, which alone had broken down all the impediments that prejudices had raised above the sanctity of religious faith, except its penal law." They added "that they understood well the civil law, that imperishable and humanizing monument of the first Napoleon, and that they humbly asked to share in its benefits."

It would be well, says a Paris journal, to consider these views of the native Israelites of Algeria. Their commercial activity, their eagerness to be placed under the operation of the laws of France, their readiness to apprehend the true interests of the colony, all combine to entitle them to the favor which they so unanimously solicit. It is doubtless to be regretted, speaking from a colonial point of view, that trade should be their only avocation; but their collective naturalization will have marked advantages when the local municipalities shall be enabled to administer their own affairs, dispensing with their local councils.

RIVER LIFE IN SIAM.

M. Mouhot, a French naturalist, has lately returned to Paris from a visit to Siam. A portion of his experience is thus described:

"The journey by land was less interesting and beautiful than the voyage on the great gulf, where the boat glided about among fairy islands, some inhabited by eagles only, others the dwelling-places of the iguana, and rustling with strange sounds made by these creatures as they trailed their loathy limbs over the dead leaves and fallen branches. Towards evening the boat would be suffered to ground upon the mud, whence arose a strong sulphuric odor, as though a submarine volcano slept its threatning sleep beneath. One day the odor was explained, and M. Mouhot's supposition realized, for, as they floated slowly upon the broad water, under the burning sun, the waves suddenly arose, and tossed and boiled around them, and toyed with the little bark in rough and gastly play; and then an immense jet of steam and water was flung into the air. Nature works unremittingly and rapidly in those distant laboratories, and the geological changes of the entire territory are easily to be traced. From the great gulf they entered the Cantabour river, and rowed along its banks, rich with all the treasures of the tropics in animal and vegetable life. The splendid forest trees reared their lofty heads above the deep swift stream, and spread their giant arms to the parasites which bound them in intertwining wreaths of blossom and trailing foliage. The stirless air was laden with perfumes, and bright with the wings of the myriads of insects, which, like living jewels, flashed out their brief life in the sunshine. Innumerable monkeys jumped about in the trees, chattering and shrieking, or formed themselves, by adhesive links of limb and tail, into a chain, whose first coil was fastened to the branch of a huge tree, while the last hung, tempting, unattainable, within a few inches of the terrible jaws of a beguiled and hungry crocodile."

The late Archbishop of Bordeaux was remarkable for his tolerance and enlightened benevolence. The following anecdote will not be read without interest: "My lord," said a person to him one day, "here's a poor woman come to ask charity. What do you wish to do for her?" "How old is she?" "Seventy." "Is she in great need?" "She says so." "She must be relieved; give her twenty-five francs." "Twenty-five francs! My lord, it is to much, especially as she is a Jewess." "A Jewess?" "Yes, my lord." "Oh, that makes a great difference! Give her fifty francs, then, and thank her for coming."

The returns of the Italian War-office (now transferred to Florence), give the exact figure of officers and rank and file now under arms throughout the kingdom, viz., 15,927 of the former, and of the latter 497,209.

A butcher at Lyons has just been fined 16f. and costs, for weighing with a piece of meat the paper in which it was to be enveloped.

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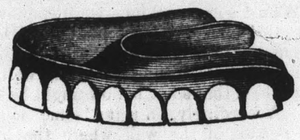

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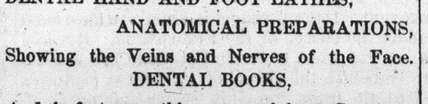

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The Hebrew.

Philo Jacoby..... Herausgeber.

Zwei Gedichte von Sophie Dethleffs.

I.

Schmerz ist Segen.

Wie so reich sind oft der Jugend Tage,
Wie so sonnenhell des Lebens Ziel;
Wie so selten kommt die ernste Frage:
Bleibt das Leben ein so holdes Spiel?
Kömmt nicht finster auch der Schmerz gezogen
Wie die Wolke an des Himmels Bogen.

Ja, er kömmt und strahlt die zarten Blüthen
Von der Jugend Hoffnungsträumen ab,
Heiße Wünsche, die im Herzen glühten,
Sinken frühe in ein düstres Grab.
Alle Freuden sind so schnell zerronnen.
Und was hat das Herz dafür gewonnen?

Eine Perle, ewig unverloren,
Einen frommen, gottergebnen Sinn;
Dieser wird nur aus dem Schmerz geboren,
Ist ein ewig bleibender Gewinn.
Freude wird den Schöpfer dankend loben,
Aber fester zieht der Schmerz nach oben.

II.

Sei nicht zu hart!

Laß deiner Lippe nicht zu schnell entfliehen
Das rasche, unbedachte Richterwort.
Dir ist der Blick in's Inn're nicht verliehen,
Und äuß'rer Schein reißt dich zum Tadel fort;
Ein scharfes Wort, es ist so schnell gesprochen,
Und hat so oft ein Menschenherz gebrochen.

Du kennst ja nicht den Kampf in dunkeln Stunden,
Du kennest nicht das Weh in stiller Nacht,
Das ein gequältes Menschenherz empfunden,
Eh' es vom Pfad des Lichts sich los gemacht.
Du kannst die tausend Fäden nicht ergründen,
Die eine Seele an den Abgrund binden.

D'rum mußt Du mild und liebend dich beweisen
An deinem Bruder, wenn er irre ging,
Und dankend deinem Gott im Himmel preisen,
Wenn die Versuchung Dir vorüber ging,
Du mußt ihn schonend vor der Welt vertreten
Und still zu Gott für seine Seele beten.

(Für den „Hebrew.")

Ein jüdisches Künstlerleben.

Von Leopold Jacoby.

II.

In einigen früheren Nummern des „Hebrew" im vorigen Jahrgange hatte ich es unternommen, dem freundlichen Leser in skizzenhafter Form und losen Umrissen die Lebensgeschichte eines jüdischen Künstlers vorzuführen, dem es vergönnt war, während seines nur kurzen Lebens Ruhm, Ehre und Geld in reicher Fülle zu erwerben und wie ein glänzender Meteor — freilich auch ebenso schnell wie dieses erlöschend — durch die Welt zu ziehen. Wenn ich es heute unternehme, in ähnlicher Weise ähnliche Bilder aus der Biographie eines Mannes zu zeichnen, dessen Name wenig bekannt und selten genannt all' jenes Glanzes entbehrt, der sich an die künstlerische Laufbahn Gusikow's knüpfte, während seine Leistungen (allerdings auf ganz anderem Gebiete als auf musikalischem) nicht minder Bewunderung und Anerkennung verdient, so geschieht es, weil mich ein Gefühl herzlichster Pietät und liebe Jugenderinnerungen dazu drängen, und ich kann sagen, es erfüllt mich mit freudigem Stolze, diese Schilderung in einem Blatte niederzulegen, wo sie, wenn auch tausende Meilen entfernt von der Persönlichkeit von welcher sie handelt, doch von gar vielen Antheil nehmenden Herzen, und vielleicht von Manchem, dem aus seinem eigenen Leben in der deutschen Heimath ähnliche Gestalten und Lebensbilder bekannt sind, gewürdigt werden.

Hast Du vielleicht, freundlicher Leser, in Deiner Jugendzeit in einer kleinen Stadt Deutschlands gelebt, oder ward Dir gar (wie dem Schreiber dieser Zeilen) das Glück zu Theil, in einer solchen geboren und aufgewachsen zu sein, so wirst Du mir Recht geben, wenn ich behaupte, daß kein noch so hoher Festtag, keine noch so seltene Familienfeier auf Herz und Gemüth der Kleinstädterjugend einen so nachhaltig tiefen Eindruck macht, als der jedesmal mit tausend Sehnsuchtshoffnungen herbeigewünschte Jahrmarkstag. Welcher Jubel, wenn der Lehrer die großen Worte spricht: „Morgen und Uebermorgen ist wegen des Jahrmarktes keine Schule!" Mit welchem Wonnegefühl werden des Abends vorher die Vorbereitungen zu dem ereignißvollen Tage betrachtet. Das Klappern der Budenstangen, das Zusammenhämmern der Bretter und Aufnageln der Leinwanddecken klingt in unseren Herzen wider wie süße Musik, das Wagengerassel und der Lärm der Neuankommenden dünkt dem aufhorchenden Ohre die reinste Symphonie, und tönt mich etwa dazwischen aus irgend einem fabelhaft gebauten Wagenkäfig heraus das Gebrüll oder Geschrei eines ausländischen Thieres als Verkünder der morgen zu schauenden Menageriewunder, dann jauchzt das Herz auf vor Seligkeit und die Nacht vor dem großen Tage der Ereignisse vergeht sicher in Schlaflosigkeit oder wirren Träumen vom Jahrmarkt.

Unter dem mannigfach bunten Complex von neuen Gestalten, die regelmäßig der Jahrmarkt bringt, wollen wir heute eine Cathegorie auswählen, die uns direkt auf unser Thema führen soll. Es sind das die sogenannten fliegenden Marktverkäufer, die dicht vor den Häusern der Straßenreihe, vor der die Menschen vorüberfluthen, auf einem einfachen Tisch, von dem man nicht begreift, wie er in dem Gewühl sich fest auf die Beine halten kann, ihre Waarenbestände auf- und auslegen. Betrachten wir uns eins dieser fliegenden Comptoire näher, und zwar den Repräsentanten einer Gattung von Industrie, die mit der Verallgemeinerung der Eisenbahnen immer mehr ausstirbt, und die in ihren Einzelnheiten wohl mit korrespondirenden Erscheinungen in Amerika wohl einige Aehnlichkeiten haben möchte. Da liegen auf einem solchen eben geschilderten Tische eine Menge gar wunderbarer Gegenstände, deren Verwendung und Zweck im ersten Augenblicke ein unauflösbares Räthsel zu sein scheint. Wir sehen da zuerst einen Haufen zylinderförmiger Kohlenstäbchen, zu welchem ein daneben stehender Feuertrog in irgend einer geheimnißvollen Beziehung zu stehen scheint. Daneben steht eine Schachtel, angefüllt mit spiralförmig gewundenen Holzstangen von gelber und weißer Färbung; eine andere mit langen Stücken tief blauer Seife; ferner eine Menge kleiner Wetzsteine und Stücke einer weichen Masse zum Schärfen von Schneideinstrumenten bestimmt. Eine große Schüssel Wasser, verschiedene Scherben von glasirtem Thon, Steingut- und Porzellan, sowie ein Kistchen, angefüllt mit den Stücken einer gewissen gelblich aussehenden Wurzel vervollständigen das wunderbare Ameublement des Tisches. — Nach und nach hat sich eine dichte Menschenmenge angesammelt, meist Landbewohner der Umgegend und darunter, den charakteristischen Beweis der größeren Neugier verrathend, gewöhnlich weit mehr Damen als Herren. Alle harren gespannt der Dinge, die da kommen sollen.

Der Inhaber aller, eben beschriebener Schätze, hat inzwischen von einem Fenster des Hauses, vor welchem sein Schautisch aufgeschlagen steht, mit wachsender Freude die allmählige Anhäufung seiner Kundschaft in spe wahrgenommen und hält endlich den günstigen Zeitpunkt für gekommen, hervorzutreten und die Vorstellungen beginnen zu lassen. Unmöglich wäre es, dem Künstler in alle Spezialitäten der Ausübung seines Berufs, in alle Gebiete virtuoser Thätigkeit, die er jetzt an den früher geschilderten Ingredienzien entfaltet, zu folgen. Mit einem Schwall von Worten, in welchem gute und schlechte Witze, Sprüchwörter, lateinische und französische Brocken und vor Allem die wunderlichsten Dichtungen und Reime in allen nur möglichen Variationen durcheinanderspielen, begrüßt er sein Publikum; nimmt jetzt aus einem Kasten des Tisches eine jener Kohlenstangen hervor, deren Spitze er an dem Feuerrost glühend macht, und schneidet vor den Augen der staunenden pommerschen Landbewohner, welche denken, an Hexerei glauben zu müssen, mit der feurigen Kohlenspitze aus einer Glasscheibe wie aus weichem Papier allerlei Figuren aus, indem er mit dem Munde auf den weitergehenden Spalt, den die Kohle im Glase macht, eifrig blasend, zu gleicher Zeit in den Athempausen einen Vortrag hält über den ungeheuren Vortheil für jeden Haushalt, keines Glasers bedürfen zu müssen. — Im Nu sind ein paar Dutzend solcher Kohlenstangen verkauft, jede einzelne noch dazu in eine gedruckte Gebrauchsanweisung eingewickelt, die dem glücklichen Besitzer gewiß als eine unfehlbare Garantie des Gelingens all' der Experimente gilt, die er daheim an Gläsern und Fensterscheiben vorzunehmen gedenkt.

Die Augen des Künstlers und noch mehr seine Hände, und am meisten sein Mund sind in unermüdlicher Bewegung. Er spricht und verkauft und experimentirt in demselben Augenblick: „Hinweg, kleine Dummerjahne, laßt die großen 'ran!" donnert er jetzt einem Haufen Schulbuben zu, die durch begeistertes Hervordrängen die Stellung seines Tisches und damit seine eigene in Gefahr bringen — und gehorsam seinem Rufe verschwinden die „kleinen" und treten die also bezeichneten „großen" näher. Jetzt läßt er sich von einem der Umstehenden ein Taschenmesser reichen. Scharf soll es nicht sein, und in der That scheint die dargebotene Klinge nur noch zum Butter- und Käseschneiden verwandbar. Zum Ueberfluß ward noch die Klinge vor aller Augen auf einem spitzen Steine zerhackt und zerschlagen, so daß sie einer kleinen Säge nicht unähnlich sieht und der Besitzer laut aufschreit ob solcher Schändung seines Eigenthums; ruhig aber greift der Künstler, der eben begonnen hat, in improvisirten Reimen die Lebens- und Leidensgeschichte eines solchen bäuerlichen Taschenmessers zu erzählen, in den betreffenden Kasten nach einem Stück in Staniol gewickelter Schleiffalbe, streicht davon etwas auf ein Stück rauhes Fichtenholz, fährt mit der mißhandelten Klinge mehrmals kräftig darüber hin; und siehe da! blank und scharf ist das Messer und fort die Zinken; weiches Papier wird jetzt senkrecht durchschnitten, und das Erstaunen der Zuhörer steigert sich schließlich zum starren Entsetzen, als der nun wieder fröhliche Besitzer aufgefordert wird, seine Hand auszustrecken und ihm der Künstler mit dem eben geschärften Taschenmesser die Haare auf dem Arm und dem Handrücken glatt wegrasirt. Wieder greift Alles zu nach der kostbaren Salbe, und wie die Worte aus dem Munde des Unermüdlichen, so flogen aus den Taschen und Beuteln und zusammengeknoteten Schnupftüchern der umstehenden „großen" die Groschen und tanzt auf dem Tische das Kupfer- und Silbergeld. Und so geht's weiter. Zerbrochene Töpfe und Tassen werden zusammengelöthet und geleimt ebenso wie die Kunden ringsum; mit den gelben Wurzelstücken werden Zahnschmerzen gestillt, die zwar noch nicht vorhanden, unzweifelhaft aber Jedem auch in Voraus schon furchtbar sein müssen, weßhalb das Mittel eifrig gekauft wird; und dieselben Wurzeln, zerrieben und als Niespulver eingenommen, heilen alles Uebrige, was krank ist am Menschen, nur nicht den Verstand. Mit der Seife, die zuletzt an die Reihe kommt, ist es hauptsächlich auf die Mädchen und Frauen abgesehen. Wie muß in der That einer wirthschaftlichen Hausfrau das Herz lachen, wenn sie aus dem schönsten Zeuge die häßlichsten Flecken, die es gibt, Theer- und Fettflecken plötzlich verschwinden sieht, als wären sie nie gewesen, und wenn sogar ein durch Vitriol zerfressenes und verbranntes Stück Zeug vor ihren Augen wieder wie neu wird. Wenn aber die Seife schließlich ihr Meisterstück macht und an einem gierig dreinschauenden Bauer, der bisher noch nichts von all den so wunderbar erprobten Herrlichkeiten gekauft hat und den jetzt der Geiz dazu treibt, sich, wie er meint, umsonst seinen von Fett- und Schmutzflecken aller Art starrenden Rockkragen reinigen zu lassen, eine eklatante Rache nimmt, indem der Meister gründlich zwar und mit zauberhafter Schnelligkeit an dem einst hell gewesenen Kragen sein Amt verrichtet, wohlweislich aber nur an einer Hälfte, während er die andere in ihrem Urzustande zurückläßt, so daß der Manu jetzt mit seinem Kragen in den preußischen Landesfarben schillert; da bricht das ganze Auditorium und die Frauen zuerst in Beifallsjubel aus, [illegible] schwinden die Seifenstücke unter den Händen des Verkäufers, und wohl oder übel muß auch jener Geizhalz, will er nicht wie ein halb geschorener Pudel in die Welt herauslaufen, den Beutel ziehen und den Witz und der Schlauheit seinen Tribut zahlen.

Während der Künstler sich wieder in seinen Hinterhalt zurückzieht, um bald darauf den zweiten Cyklus seiner Vorstellungen, welcher derselbe ist, wie der erste, folgen zu lassen, wandern wir ein paar Schritte weiter zu einem zweiten Nomadentischlein, dessen Ausschmückung wie dessen Inhalt jedoch in keiner Weise dem vorhin geschilderten gleichen. Hier ist an der Vorderseite des Tisches eine Art Leitergerüst angebracht, in dessen Mitte ein buntes Wappen prangt, rings umgeben von allen möglichen Siegelabdrücken, großen und kleinen, sowie von angehängten Petschaftformen der verschiedensten Art. Wir haben es hier also mit einem Graveur zu thun, und, um den freundlichen Leser nicht über die Persönlichkeit, von der unsere Ueberschrift eigentlich handelt, in einem Irrthume zu lassen, der durch die vorhergegangene Schilderung einigermaßen gerechtfertigt erscheinen könnte, wird es an der Zeit sein, hier zu erwähnen: Nicht jener verschmitzte (ebenfalls dem Judenthum angehörende) Heilkünstler für alle möglichen Schäden des Haushalts und des Leibes, sondern die behäbige, untersetzte Gestalt, die hinter diesem mit Instrumenten der Petschaftstecherkunst bedeckten Tische sitzt, und mit einem Ausdruck herzlicher Gutmüthigkeit auf die vorüberfluthende Menge blickt, ist der Held der nachfolgenden biographischen Skizzen, für deren Ausführung das bunte Jahrmarktsbild von vorhin den Anknüpfungspunkt bot.

Fortsetzung folgt.

Mainz, 24. Mai.—Herr Abraham Licht aus Litthauen reist seit einigen Jahren zu dem Zwecke, um für die Wohlfahrt des heiligen Landes wirksam zu sein, für Errichtung von industriellen Anstalten, &c., daselbst zu sorgen, damit die Armuth und das Elend, welchen dort unsere Brüder erliegen, gehoben werden.—Es ist Herrn Licht bereits gelungen, in den verschiedensten Gegenden Deutschlands das Interesse für die von ihm gehegten Pläne zu erwecken. — Auf Vorschlag des Herrn Rabbiner Hirsch in Frankfurt a. M. sollen nunmehr „zwei ehrliche, kluge und religiöse Jehudim" nach Palästina gesandt werden, um zu erforschen, „woran es eigentlich fehlt, was erforderlich, und was durch menschliche Hülfe geschaffen werden kann."

Herr Licht reist jetzt nach Amsterdam, um mit den dortigen verehrlichten Pekidim und Amarkelim, namentlich mit Herrn Akiba Lehren, diese Angelegenheit zu berathen und die abzuschickenden Sendboten zu bezeichnen. Für den Fall, daß dieses geschehen und authentische Nachrichten über das Ergebniß der Reise vorliegen, ist in Frankfurt a. M. ein Committee, bestehend aus den Herren B. Niederhofheim, A. Dann, L. M. Rapp und L. Mainz zusammengetreten.

Tetuan.—Ein Correspondent aus Gibraltar, dessen Schreiben vom 5. April datirt ist, berichtet Folgendes: „Nachrichten kamen gestern zu uns aus Tanger, daß der maurische Kaiser nach Tetuan den Befehl ergehen ließ, die Vorsteher der jüdischen Gemeinde zu Tetuan in Ketten zu schlagen und sie nach Mequenez zu bringen. Der Vorstand besteht aus zwölf Personen; die Schergen wagten jedoch nicht, 8 derselben zu fesseln, weil 4 von ihnen unter spanischem, 2 unter italienischem und 1 unter amerikanischem Schutze standen. Ein Anderer, Namens Samuel Hadida, wurde auf die Verwendung eines Europäers verschont. Die 4 anderen schmachten im Gefängnisse, in Bande geschlagen, weil sie keinen Fürsprecher haben, der sie beschützen könnte. Ihre Namen sind: Rabbi Isaac Benmergui, Joseph Coriät, S. Garson und Moses Bentata. Der berathende Gerichtshof verlangte ihre Verhaltung in Tetuan vier Tage lang, mit dem Bemerken, alsdann den Grund dieses Befehls zu veröffentlichen. Dieses ist Alles, was von der Geschichte bekannt ist."

Egypten.—Ein Correspondent schreibt den „A. J.": Edmund v. Rothschild, der neulich Egypten bereiste, hat bei seinen Glaubensgenossen ein gutes Andenken hinterlassen. Sowohl in Cairo als auch in Alexandrien hat er sich als einen würdigen Sprößling der Familie, der Israel so viel schuldet, erwiesen. Besonders waren es die Wohlthätigkeitsanstalten, die seine Mildthätigkeit erfuhren. Ehe er abreiste, empfahl er die jüdische Gemeinde zu Alexandrien auf das Wärmste dem französischen General-Consul, indem er ihn ersuchte, seinen ganzen Einfluß geltend zu machen, wegen eines Grundstückes, das man derselben ungerechter Weise nehmen will. Bei seiner Abreise wurden Gebete für seine glückliche Rückkehr in seine Heimath abgehalten.

Berlin, 30. Mai. — Unter den in dem neuesten Verzeichnisse aufgeführten, an das Abgeordnetenhaus gerichteten Petitionen heben wir als die interessanteste folgende hervor: Ein in Breslau lebender Nachkomme von Pharao, Haman oder Holofernes, der sich Tumlat schreibt, sucht, unaufgefordert und ohne sonstige Veranlassung, in einem an die Volksvertretung gerichteten Schreiben darzuthun, daß die jüdischen Grundbesitzer zu Abgaben an die christlichen Pfarrer verpflichtet seien. Er verlangt ferner, daß den christlichen Dienstboten untersagt werde, bei Juden, und den jüdischen bei Christen zu dienen. — Im Gegensatz dazu beschweren sich der jüdische Grundbesitzer J. Weichselmann und Genossen zu Nicolai über ihre Heranziehung zu den Baukosten der dortigen katholischen Kirche.

Mainz, 24. Mai. — Vor einiger Zeit brachten wir die Nachricht, daß unserem Glaubensgenossen, Arn. Dr. Wilh. Cahn von hier in Paris die Stelle eines beeidigten Uebersetzers zu Theil wurde. Heute entnehmen wir der „Gazette Tribunaux" d. d. 10. Mai, daß derselbe am 9. d. M. als Uebersetzer am kaiserlichen Hofe angestellt wurde und deshalb an diesem Tage vor der ersten Kammer, präsidirt durch den ersten Präsidenten Herrn Devienne, seinen Eid leistete. — „Israelit."

London. — Bei der Eröffnung der April-Assisen (am 10. April) in Old Bacley wurden mehrere Herren, Anhänger des jüdischen Glaubens, die der „Großen Jury' als Geschwprene beiwohnen sollten, auf ihr Verlangen von dieser Funktion dispensirt. Der Grund davon ist die Feier des Osterfestes, das gerade damals begann.

—„Wenn Sie mein Kind noch einmal schlagen, schicke ich es nicht mehr in die Schule," sagte eine zärtliche Mutter zu einem Lehrer. „Dann ist es doch geschlagen," versetzte dieser laconisch.

— Man vergißt den Ursprung eines Emporkömmlings, wenn er selbst ihn nie vergißt; wir erinnern uns und ihn aber daran, wenn er sich nicht

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THE JEWISH CALENDAR SYSTEM.

BY ABRAHAM DE SOLA,

Minister K. K. "Shearith Israel," Professor of Hebrew and Oriental Literature in the University McGill College, Montreal, &c.

The following table will show the lengths of the months in various kinds of years:—

	Has Days in Common Years.			Has Days in Bissextile Years.		
	Imperfect.	Ordinary.	Perfect.	Imperfect.	Ordinary.	Perfect.
Tishr	30	30	30	30	30	30
Heshvan	29	29	30	29	29	30
Kislev	29	30	30	29	30	30
Tebet	29	29	29	29	29	29
Shebat	30	30	30	30	30	30
Adar	29	29	29	30	30	30
Adar Sheni				29	29	29
Nissan	30	30	30	30	30	30
Iyar	29	29	29	29	29	29
Sivan	30	30	30	30	30	30
Tamooz	29	29	29	29	29	29
Ab	30	30	30	30	30	30
Elool	29	29	29	29	29	29
Total	353	354	355	383	384	385

From the above it appears that the following months are always מלאים Full, or having 30 days, viz. Nissan, Sivan, Ab, Tishree, Shebat: while the following are the הסרים deficient, having 29 days, Iyar, Tamooz, Elool, Tebet, Adar; the latter, however, having 30 days in Bissextiles, and Adar Sheni, 29. With respect to Heshvan and Kislev, these are sometimes both full; in other words, Heshvan has sometimes 30 days when Kislev will also have the same, and then the year will be שלימה Perfect; sometimes both are deficient, when the year will be חסרה Imperfect; sometimes Heshvan is deficient and Kislev full, when the year is כסדרה Ordinary. As intimated elsewhere, the variations in these months have the effect of securing an observance of the Passover in its due season, and also an agreement with the synodical lunar month—thus to avoid a deficiency of some 44¼ minutes every month, amounting to nearly nine hours in twelve months, an additional day is periodically given to Heshvan which then contains 30 days. When Heshvan and other months contain 30 days, the thirtieth day, as well as the first of the succeeding month, is observed as ראש חודש the feast of New Moon; for since the synodic month contains only 29 d. 12 h. 44 2 8283, it is evident that one half the thirtieth day is in the old month, and the other half is in the new, in which manner they could not be observed according to the Jewish custom, full distinct days being required, and these "from evening to evening,"—hence, the whole day is observed, and of necessity, the morrow, being as it is, the first day of the new month. From 1st Samuel, xx, 5, compared with verse 27 of the same chapter, it would appear that the practice of celebrating these two days, obtained, even in the days of Saul, say 2770 years ago. The following are these months in which one day Rosh Hodesh, is observed; Nissan, Sivan, Ab, Tishri and Shebat, the *Siman* of which is תשנסא; and those on which two days are observed, Iyar, Tamooz, Elool, Marcheswan, Adar, Adar Sheni, the *Siman* of which is מאאתא. Kislev and Tebet have sometimes two days, and sometimes one; thus, when Heshvan and Kislev are both full, then Kislev and Tebet will have two days R. H., and when these are both deficient, only one. When the one is deficient and the other full, then Kislev will have one, and Tebet two days. These months have been divided into four portions called תקופות Tekuphot, or revolutions, of three months each, containing, according to Rab Ada, 94 days 519 *helakim* or portions, (for facility of computation, the Rabbis have divided the hour into 1070 such parts; these are divisible by any of the units but 7.) and 31 seconds. These Tekuphot receive their names from the months with which they commence. We have thus I. תקופת ניסן Tekupah of Nissan, at the vernal equinox, when the sun enters Aries, including Nissan, Iyar and Sivan. This period was styled עת הזרע seed time. In this, day and night are equal. II. תקופת תשרי. The Tekupah of Tishri, at the Autumnal equinox, when the sun enters Libra, including Tishri, Heshvan and Kislev, called עת הבציר houseing or vintage time, when the day and night are equal. In the latter month of this Tekupah, viz. Kislev, there commences the reading of the prayer called ברכת דישם the proper time for which, according to Rab Shemuel, is sixty days after the sun enters Libra, which, during the 19th century, will be on the 6th October; but thereafter, in consequence of 1900 not being Bissextile, it is to be reckoned from the 7th. Now if the date of the Hebrew month be sought which corresponds with the 5th October, which is generally in Tishri, the same date in Kislev is the day on which *Barech Alenu*, is to be commenced; except in a perfect year, Bissextile or ordinary, when it is to be read a day earlier. In a year preceding a Bissextile, it is one day later. The summer prayer commencing ברכנו אבינו is commonly read the first night of the Middle Days of Passover. III. תקופת טבת The Tekupha of Tebet, at the period of the winter solstice, when the sun enters Capricornus, including Tebet, Shebat and Adar, called עת החורף the stripping, or late autumn season, when the nights are double the length of the days. IV. תקופת תמוז Tekupah of Tamooz, at the summer solstice, when the sun enters Cancer, including Tamooz, Ab and Elool, called צת הקציר harvest time, when the days are double the length of the nights. The year was also divided into six season divisions of two months each, viz: *Zer ang, Katsir, Kor, Chom, Kayits, Choreph.* —(Gen. viii. 22.) The first commenced in the latter half Tishri, etc. The general rule laid down for the appointed time of the Tekuphot is that the Tekupha of Tebet commences eight days before January; of Nissan, seven days before April; of Tamooz, six days before July; of Tishri, seven days before October. To assist the memory, a סימן *memoria technica* has been formed in the word הוו, each letter of which, being a numeral, indicates the number of days before each month when the Tekupah commences.

TO BE CONTINUED.

CENTRALIZATION.

Progress is making such rapid strides in our midst, that it is incumbent upon our people to ride, as it were, with the tide, and taking advantage of felicitous circumstances, add to our National importance. In Europe the great lack of unity in the affairs and condition of the Jewish people lent force to the plan of centralization. With our brethren abroad there was a great incentive to this action. The barriers of superstition and religious tyranny still stood in Israel's path; our brethren were debarred the rights of other men; the avenues of trade and traffic were closed to them; they were deprived of all the incentives to good action by being declared aliens to civic and political position; contumely had heaped upon them all the rigors of slavery and vassalage. Our European brethren had the great incentive of national emancipation, to aid them in their efforts to make the Hebrew's rights as a man respected. Their philanthropic efforts have succeeded. Gradually the social walls which hemmed in the Jew, the restrictions which made him a marked man among his fellow men, have been removed. Christian and Mahommedan countries have found out at last that oppression cannot extinguish the devotion the Hebrew pays to his revered religion. Country after country is removing the restrictions placed upon religious belief, and the time is not far distant when all civilized world will recognize liberty of thought and conscience.

The great lack our people labor under at present writing is unity of action. To secure this in the United States, a system of centralization must be devised, by means of which we can exert an influence at home and abroad, equal to our social, intellectual and monetary position. Whilst the means of the Hebrew keep the balance of power in Europe—a power equal to that of crowned heads—whilst our co-religionists have the control of the destinies of other nations, it seems almost paradoxical to assert that they wield no influence over the destinies of their own people. This is owing to a lack of centralization and unity.

We need in the United States a body to be formed of representatives from every congregation throughout our land, whose duty it shall be to harmonize, if possible, the differences which exist among ourselves; to promote the cause of education; the sustenance of collegiate institutions; and at the same time to create among our scattered brethren such ties or links of common interest which in the course of time must necessarily unite all diverse interests into one channel for the good of all. As we are now, each locality has its peculiar and particular interests, and we are nothing more than a series of small circles, moving around local objects to accomplish local points. To be felt on all our people, the Hebrews of the United States should form one great united circle, having for one of its main and paramount objects the nationalization of our people. Unite the Jews of America, and their power would be felt throughout the world. The progress made by the United States in the great work of emancipation and reform, is incentive enough to urge our brethren to such action as will be at once protective and progressive. Let us have a grand convention of delegates from every community throughout the length and breadth of our land; let us form a consistory, to whom shall be delegated the duty of gathering all our brethren into one fold. Other churches have delegated to such bodies the general control and management of their affairs; each body being represented by delegates chosen for the express purpose. We should have a consistory in this, and every other State, to whom should be intrusted the charge of our religious affairs, and that body should send delegates to a general convocation of the representatives of all the States. For the present such an action is all that is needed. Once established, centralization will speedily be effected, and from the United States the system would be extended to Europe and throughout the world, leading in a measure towards the great object of every Hebrew's life, the restoration of Israel among the nations of the earth, and the re-occupation of the Holy Land.

THE ISRAELITE, published at Cincinnati, Ohio, has entered upon its twelfth volume. We regret to notice that the conclusion of its eleventh volume was availed of by the editor to indulge in a series of personal glorifications, which the record of the paper does not justify. The publisher would better consult his interest by endeavoring to rectify the numerous typographical errors which mar his weekly issues. The *Israelite's* egotistical ideas impair its usefulness, and certainly aid its proprietors in their determination "never to make a money-making concern of it."

OUR NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE.

From the resident Correspondent of THE HEBREW.

NEW YORK, July 1, 1865.

EDITOR HEBREW:—Hot! Hotter! Hottest! Hottentot! Such are the terms by which we can compare the extreme warmth of our daily temperature in this city. It would seem that "Old Sol," fearing that the unusual frigidity of last winter had congealed us into one solid mass of ice, or other equally cold material, which would require many days of roasting to dissolve, has determined to release us from the icy chains by which we have been fettered, and with an energy and zeal, highly to be commended, he pours down upon us his hottest rays, hour after hour. A friend at my shoulder, facetiously remarks, that under these circumstances, he should judge that the sun was on the raise (rays!) The young man that perpetrated that joke, out to be pun-ished with being compelled to digest a half a pound or so of raisins (rays–ons.) But to return to our subject. As I suggest before, we are being melted aye, melted, slowly to be sure, but nevertheless the dreadful fact is before us, that every day more and more of that which is said to contain our souls, viz: our bodies, assumes a languid form, and if this temperature continues, you may expect to hear of ships and schooners sailing down the ocean of (melted) humanity, and all New York to have assumed a liquid state. It will then be very easy for Sol to transform the Gothamites into a gaseous state. In fact tradition relates that even in the depth of winter there are many mortals, living upon this terrestrial sphere who partake more of the gaseous than of the solid condition. Certainly it is a fact for which I can vouch, that sufficient "spirits" are imbibed to place very many men in a sort of a baloon–y condition, and if, while in such a state, no "explosion" takes place amongst them, it is not their fault. Bye the bye, a problem for chemists: How long would it take to transform a person that had been melted to tears, into a spiritual form, and what kind of gas would it produce. Don't let the question tear–rify (terrify) them, but let them deliberate scientifically upon the matter, and then give the result to the world.

While these learned men are investigating the problem that I have given out to them, let us for the spice of life, or rather variety's sake—variety you know my dear reader is the spice of life—change the subject and see what is contained in our

NEWS COLUMN

And first we notice that the unusual excitement and desire for education, that now prevails among the Israelites of this city has induced Rev. Dr. Adler, the rabbi of the Temple Emanuel, the reform congregation of this city, to issue a letter addressed to his, or to use the Doctors words to "my congregation," in which he urges upon the members thereof, the war being over, and "golden peace with its promises of blessings inviting us to make efforts towards establishing a theological seminary." He says that "in order to cause Judaism to be universally respected, and to justify the prediction, that 'our religion is our wisdom or our understanding in the eyes of the nations,' it will be necessary to have men "endowed with thorough knowledge, and inspired with a glowing zeal for their calling. We need theological orators, who can preach in the English tongue; who can be heard and understood by the rising generation." Such men, however, can be created through the influence of an "Institution for the Education of Jewish Theologians." The doctor urges this measure upon his congregation with much force. Pursuant thereto a meeting of several of the prominent members was held a few days ago when it was decided to enter immediately upon the carrying out of their minister's idea.

The plan is a very good one, and will succeed without doubt, for neither money nor zeal is wanting. Still there is one thing about the letter that I do not fancy much, and that in "my congregation." I do not like the idea of confining the establishment of such an institution as is suggested, to merely a portion—and that a very small one—of our co-religionists of New York. It looks as if the Doctor did not wish to have himself or his congregation associating with the other and perhaps more orthodox Israelites, as if he ignored their existence therewith. I know very well that the Temple is rich enough to erect a theological seminary and to carry it on for several years if necessary, but it would have been more generous, more politic to have at least addressed the letter suggesting the above idea, to the "Israelites of New York." But never mind, let the institution be established and perhaps the end will here justify the means.

The Hebrew Free Day School No. 1, inaugurated a few days ago, has now nearly 3000 pupils, and is doing finely. No. 2 will soon be in the field.

The *Jewish Record* has passed into other hands. Mr. A. S. Cohen, the originator and proprietor of the paper, being pressed by professional engagements, determined to resign his journalistic career as far as the *Record* was concerned. Rev. Dr. Bondy has purchased the paper, and aided by Messrs. J. P. Solomon, A. Blumensteil and Fred. A. Schwab will continue its publication as heretofore. Several new and interesting changes will however be made. As yet they are not known, but in the "Salutary," to be published by the editor next week, they will be foreshadowed.

Another Jewish Actor named Mr. Gotthold, and a native of this city, has made a very successful *debut* in "Drury Lane," London.

The commencement of the New York Free Academy will take place on the 19th inst. Mr. Leonard Friedlander, the only Jewish member of the graduating class, will take the sixth honor on the occasion. In addition the degree of A. M. will be then conferred upon Otto E. Michaels, David Brekes, Adolph Sanger, and that of M. S. on Joseph Kohn, all of the class of '62 and Israelites.

Picnics and similar festivals take place among our co-religionists every day, and are largely attended. Your readers all know the character of such entertainments and therefore need no extended remarks from me on the subject:

B'NAI BERITH CIRCLES

Elections are the order of the day and evening. Almost every lodge are selecting their officers for the ensuing term. The following results are all that I have now at hand:

Hebrew Lodge No. 5:—President, J. Heilbron; Vice-President, J. Nochman; Recording Secretary, Philip Thal; Financial Secretary, Julius Mayer; Treasurer, Max May.

Isaiah Lodge No. 49:—President I. Heyman, Vice President, Moses Strauss; Recording Secretary, Simon Danzig; Financial Secretary, E. Goldstein; Treasurer, Moses Freund; Assistant Mon, D. H. Eugel; Guardian, George Mayer; Trustees, Joseph Koch, J. Goldberg and A. Rosenthal.

The annual meeting and election of the Grand Lodge will take place during the coming week.

G. N. Hermann, the present Grand Nas Apb, not desiring to run a third time, I think that Mayer Stern, Esq., stands a favorable chance of getting the position.

Harry Morford, Esq., musical critic of the *Atlas* of New York, being about to depart for Europe, Mr. Fred. A. Schwab, a co-religionist will assume the duties of his position. The drama is Mr. Schwab's forte, and I know that he will creditably fill Mr. Morford's chair.

HEBBEW FREE SCHOOL.

AT a meeting of Israelites, held at the B. B. Hall, on Sunday, July 23d, Mr. M. Morgenstern being called to the Chair, and Mr. Is. Matthias appointed as Secretary *pro tem.*, it was unanimously

Resolved, It having become a necessity that a Hebrew Free School should be established wherein Jewish children should be instructed in their religious duties, the following resolutions were offered and adopted:—

1. That a Hebrew Free School, wherein Jewish children will receive an education, shall be established.

2. A Board, consisting of nine School Directors, shall be elected by this meeting, to hold office for the term of one year.

3. Said Board of School Directors shall have the sole control and management of said Hebrew Free School and its funds, and make and adopt such rules and regulations for its government as they deem proper.

4. A committee of "four" shall be appointed by this meeting, for the purpose of soliciting sufficient donations and monthly contributions by our liberal Jewish brethren, as will enable said Board to carry out this noble undertaking to the fullest extent and to the satisfaction of ourselves as Israelites.

5. An election for School Directors shall be held every year, at the annual meeting of said Hebrew Free School.

In accordance with the above resolutions, Messrs. M. Morgenstern, A. Coney, B. Rosenthal, J. Salomonson, P. Abrahamson, H. Herz, B. Isaacs, I. Matthias and M. Davis, were duly elected as a Board of School Directors, to serve for the present term, commencing July 1, 1865.

Messrs. J. Salomonson, M. Morgenstern, A. Coney and A. Goldstone were appointed to solicit donations and monthly contributions.

Resolved, That the foregoing be published in THE HEBREW, and in the *Hebrew Observer*, of this city.

I. MATTHIAS, Sec'y *pro. tem.*

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23, 1865

HEBREW FREE SCHOOL.—At a meeting held on Thursday evening, July 27th, the newly-elected Board of Directors resolved to give notice that the Hebrew Free School would be opened on or about the first of September.

CIRCULAR FROM THE HEBREW CONGREGATION "ADATH JOSEPH," ST. JOSEPH, MO.

TO OUR CO-RELIGIONISTS:—We the undersigned, Committee in behalf of the Hebrew Congregation of "Adath Joseph," of St. Joseph, Mo., do hereby take the liberty to address our brethren and co-religionists abroad, to lay before them our peculiar unfortunate case, and respectfully solicit from them their aid and sympathy.

The Congregation of Adath Joseph of this place, young in years, and counting but few, say forty members in numbers, through energy and perseverance, and with the aid of a Supreme Ruler, had succeeded in building a House of God, a place of worship as well as a place for the youth of our faith to be instructed in their duties. To this end, and to accomplish this object, our resources were not only entirely exhausted, but left the Congregation in debt to a considerable amount. But our labors and exertions were at last crowned with success; the house was finished, and dedicated for the holy purpose it was designed for, and everybody felt rejoiced that another Congregation of the Jewish faith should thus be permanently established in a place where none ever had been before, and at having a suitable house for its perpetuation.

But alas! our joy was of no great duration. But two short weeks elapsed from the time we first entered within its holy apartments to worship, when on the night of the 6th instant, our new and beautiful Synagogue, which had been our pride, and on which we had lavished our means, was set on fire by an incendiary, by a fiend, an enemy to our religion and our holy cause. This foul act being accomplished in the middle of the night, none of the contents, with the exception of the Law Scrolls, one of which being considerably damaged before it was possible for it to be extricated from the ruins, was saved; and the building was entirely consumed, leaving the Congregation without a place of worship, without furniture, and destitute of means.

The work of perpetuating our faith in this city thus begun, although stayed by the hand of an incendiary or an enemy, cannot be put to one side, or left to perish. To this end, we the undersigned, acting in behalf our Congregation, do therefore respectfully, yet earnestly, appeal to our brethren and co-religionists everywhere, to aid and assist us in our undertaking, to enable us again to erect another house of prayer to His holy cause.

Well knowing the liberality, the kind and generous fellow-feeling entertained by all Israelites, as well as their love and adherence to our sacred faith, we feel confident that this our appeal, calculated for the benefit of that faith, will not be in vain, and that with the assistance of a Supreme Ruler, and that of our brethren and co-religionists abroad, we will soon again be able to erect another house of worship in place of the one now lying in ashes, that our cause may yet triumph, notwithstanding our enemies, and that this place may become as a sheet anchor for our holy religion.

All donations, contributions, etc., from the largest to the smallest sum, will be most thankfully accepted and acknowledged. All letters, remittances, etc., should be directed to either of this Committee, who will see that a receipt therefor shall be promptly forwarded to the donor.

ISAAC WEIL, Chairman.

Samuel Westheimer, Jacob Schloss, B. A. Feineman, Leopold Sanders.—Committee

Saint Joseph, Mo., June 4, 1865.

THE DEAD SEA.

The result of the explorations of this ancient locality, by the United States navy officers who have just sailed for the Mediterranean, will be looked for with deep interest by the civilized world. The Federal government have authorized this reconnoissance for the purpose of solving geographical problems and to elucidate ancient story.

The dead Sea is to be explored by American sailors—that sea of marvels which after engulfing the guilty "cities of the plain"—has been ever since invested, to the imagination, with awful and supernatural character. "Pestilential vapor, it has been said, rises continually from its waters; fish cannot live in, nor birds fly over them; iron will not sink in them, nor have they ever been navigated by ship or bark."

Such slight examination as occasional travelers of more recent days have given to this bitter sea, has dispelled many of these fables; but still these deep dark waters are a mystery to the world. They have been found to contain—as accounting for their extraordinary specific gravity, which led to the tale that iron would not sink in them—41 parts in a hundred of salt; a much greater proportion than that of the sea, and derived from entire rocks of this mineral continually dissolving on the southern shore. Bitumen also rises in abundance from the bottom and floats on the surface—and hence these waters acquire a consistency which enables them to bear up bodies that would sink in other waters.

The Rev. Dr. Durbin, late president of Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pennsylvania, gives the following illustration of the density of these waters:

"I waded it carefully, to test the oftrepeated statements of the great specific gravity of the fluids, and repeated the experiment several times: the uniform result was, that when the waters rose above my armpits but not over my shoulders, my body was balanced, and I could not touch the bottom, but my feet tended strongly to rise and my head to descend. When I turned on my back and drew up my knees, so as to balance my body on the surface, I lay as still as a knot of wood, my head, knees, and feet out of the water; and so long as I was perfectly still, I floated in this position. These experiments satisfied me of its great specific gravity."

Doctor Durbin adds that his hair was matted with the bitumen, which on being pressed by the fingers, covered them with a sticky substance.

Josephus, in his fourth book of the wars of the Jews, relates, that the waters of the Dead Sea support on the surface whatever is thrown into the lake, and confirms the relation by the fact that Vespasian, to convince himself of the truth of this assertion, ordered several persons with their hands and legs tied, to be thrown into the lake, and that not one of them sunk.

But it is less to verify or to relate problems such as these that an exploration of the Dead Sea by competent and scientific observers is desired, than to ascertain its actual relation to the waters of the Mediterranean, from which it is distant not more than between 30 and 40 miles; yet the level of the Dead Sea is said to be some hundreds of feet below that of the Mediterranean.

Into the Dead Sea the river Jordan discharges and loses itself. Descending from the sea of Tiberius, which is in fact a shallow outspreading the fashion of a lake of the river—some 60 miles in a winding course, the Jordan disappears in this deep and bitter asphaltic sea, which is about 24 miles in length from north to south, and more, according to modern travelers, than six or seven in breath.

It is comparitively shallow at its southern extremity, but its general depth is reputed to be unfathomable. Its western shore, on the side of Arabia, or Moab, is one prodigious black perpendicular wall, in which there is not a summit or the smallest peak; its eastern or Indian shore is of limestone and sandy cliffs of varied and fantastic form.

All, however, but the mere external appearances of this dismal sea and its dreary shores, is matter of conjecture and uncertainty; and hence the greater stimulus to investigation.

It is one of the peculiarites of the water of the Dead Sea, that, although so dense and bituminous, it is exceeding translucent.

It is somewhat singular that a government of the new world should be the first to explore and verify the facts, concerning a region so intimately connected with the common faith of the Hebrew and the witness of one of the most awful penalties of transgression under the Mosaic dispensation.

HELP FOR ISRAEL.—In our columns will be found a circular from Congregation "Adath Joseph," St. Joseph, Mo., asking for assistance from all benevolent Israelites. The circumstances rendering this appeal important and necessary, are detailed fully in the circular.

At the annual meeting of the Los Angeles Hebrew Benevolent Society, held on the 2d inst., the following named gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year: President, H. Waltenberg, re-elected; Vice-President, M. Kremer; Secretary and Treasurer, I. W. Hellman; Trustees: H. Lovenstein, H. Newark, A. W. Edelman.

MISS STARR KING'S READINGS.—On Saturday night, the third reading of selections by this lady will take place at the Academy of Music. An entirely new programme will be presented. We are informed this will close the lectures of Miss Starr King in this city at present, as the lady intends to make a tour through the country. The second reading was attended by an immense audience, who manifested their delight and approbation very expressively. Miss King has certainly achieved a triumph by her elocutionary powers, and her readings are now considered as among the most pleasing, and instructive entertainments offered to an enlightened and appreciative literary community.

INSURANCE.—The Germania Insurance Company is one of the most reliable institutions of the kind on this coast. As an instance of the fairness and promptness of meeting claims, we can evidence the fact that the widow of Wilhelm Viereck received the amount of $2,000, a few days after the death of her husband—the Company foregoing the privilege of 60 days' grace accorded them by law. Mr. Bernhard Gattell is the controller, and his management of affairs is very satisfactory. The office of this Company is at 519 Montgomery street.

Die Oper in der Academy of Music.

Am Montag, den 24. d. M., wurde Donizetti's „Lucia" aufgeführt.

Signorina Brambilla sang die Titelrolle mit vielem Geschmack und technischer Correctheit. Ihre Stimme, obgleich nicht von sehr voluminärem Umfange, ist dennoch ausgiebig genug, um die Räume dieses Hauses auszufüllen; zudem ausgestattet mit einem edlen, simphatischen Klange und unterstützt von einer angenehmen Persönlichkeit, wirkt sie durch ihren Gesang immer wohlthuend und anregend auf das Gemüth des Zuhörers. Ihre dramatische Auffassung steht jedoch nicht ganz auf derselben Höhe der Vollendung; hier fehlt es manchmal an einem tiefern, geistigen Eindringen in die Natur des darzustellenden Characters. In der Wahnsinnsscene machte sich dieser Mangel ziemlich fühlbar.

Der „Edgardo" ist eine sehr schwierige, anstrengende Parthie, und verlangt, namentlich im dritten Acte, einen großen, umfangreichen Ton; um so anerkennungswerther muß deshalb des Signor Sbriglia gedacht werden, daß derselbe mit seiner mehr auf das lyrische Fach angewiesenen Natur diese heroische Parthie zu solcher Geltung gebracht.

Signor Morelli gab als „Enrico" eine nach allen Seiten hin ausgezeichnete Leistung.

Die Aufführung ging sehr präcis zusammen; namentlich war das berühmte Quartett mit Chor im zweiten Acte von hinreißender Wirkung und muß auf stürmisches Verlangen wiederholt werden. – Die für Mittwoch angekündigte Aufführung „Nachtwandlerin" konnte wegen plötzlich eingetretenen Unwohlseins der Signorina Brambilla nicht stattfinden.

Die Leistungen der Familie Siegrist in McCree's Opera House sind erstaunenswerth. Die akrobatischen Uebungen der Herren Siegrist, Vater und Sohn, können nicht geboten werden, und die Letztere steht als Tänzerin und Künstlerin da vollkommen da. Deutsche sollen nicht versäumen, ihren Landsleuten einen Besuch abzustatten.

BORN.

In city, July 20, to the wife of H. S. Ackerman a son.
In city, July 22, to the wife of S. Zekind of Folsom, a son.
In Lodi, July 19, wife S. Cohen, a daughter.
In city, July 23, to the wife of J. H. Seller, a daughter.

DIED.

In city, July 26th, Julius Christian Zelling, a native of York, son of the late Henry Zelling, aged 17 years, 10 months and 18 days.

Federal License Tax.

Bekanntmachung,

Collectors Office.
Erster District, California.

Vereinigte Staaten Innere Revenue.

wird hiermit bekannt gemacht, daß ich von Assessor dieses Districts eine Liste der Licensen des Jahr 1865 erhalten habe und daß die darin für dieselben jetzt völlig und zahlbar sind. Alle Personen, welche irgend ein Gewerbe, Geschäft oder Handwerk treiben, müssen, laut Gesetz vom 30. Juni 1864, amendirt durch Gesetz vom März 1865 gemäß, Licens lösen, sollen davon Nachricht nehmen, daß ich von Montag, den 24. Juni 1865 an bis Mittwoch, den 2. August 1865 inclusive, die Collectors besagter Steuern in der Office der Innern Revenue in der Stadt San Francisco besorgen werde.

Alle Personen, welche es versäumen, die ihnen auferlegte Steuer in der angegebenen Zeit zu bezahlen, haben eine Strafe von weiteren zehn Prozent auf den Betrag derselben zu zahlen.

Frank Soule, Collector.

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FRANCIS, VALENTINE & CO., Proprietors,
No. 517 Clay Street,
SAN FRANCISCO. jy28

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT A "Hebrew Free School" will be opened on or before the 1st of September next—of which, further notice will be duly given. By order.
IS. MATTHIAS, Sec. *pro tem.*

LESSONS IN THE ART OF SINGING.
SIGNOR MUZIO,
HAVING DECIDED TO REMAIN FOR A few months in this city, is ready to take pupils in the art of singing. SIGNOR MUZIO will give single lessons and will also form classes at his rooms, No. 11 Cosmopolitan Hotel. See the circular in the music stores. jy14

New Advertisements.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY of the Treasury, the Undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN,

These Notes are issued under date June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible, at the option of the holder, into

U. S. 5-20 SIX PER CENT.

GOLD BEARING BONDS.

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from November, which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent. per annum, besides its EXEMPTION FROM STATE AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION, WHICH ADDS FROM ONE TO THREE PER CENT. MORE, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency, semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One cent per day on a	$50	note.
Two cents "	$100	"
Ten cents "	$500	"
Twenty cents "	$1,000	"
One Dollar "	$5,000	"

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

GREAT POPULAR LOAN OF THE PEOPLE.

Less than $300,000,000 of the loan authorized by the last Congress, are now on the market.

This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Bank, State Banks, and private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.
March 25, 1865. my5

ADDENDUM,

PER OVERLAND TELEGRAPH:

PHILADELPHIA, May 17th, 1865.

2d Series all sold, Commenced on 3d Series. Two Hundred and Thirty Millions (230,000,000) precisely like other two Series, except dated 15th July, and Government reserves the right to pay six per cent. in Gold instead of 7-30 Currency.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

CITY OF LYONS.

NEW LACE STORE,
646 SACRAMENTO STREET,
Near Kearny, SAN FRANCISCO.

J. MERZBACH,

Takes the liberty to inform his friends and the Ladies of San Francisco especially, that he has taken the sole management of the above named place into his own hands, and that he keeps constantly on hand and sells at the lowest rates,

REAL LACES,
Hosiery, White Goods,
A Full Assortmynt of
LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS,
EMBROIDERIES,
Ladies' Undergarments, Etc.
Genuine Alexander Kid Gloves.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF MILINERY GOODS ALWAYS ON HAND.

NEW GOODS RECEIVED BY EVERY STEAMER.

Mr. Merzbach would respectfully invite the Ladies of this city and suburbs to call at his store and examine his large assortment of New Goods before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Remember the place—
NO. 646 SACRAMENTO STREET,
je30-2m **Near Kearny.**

FAUST CELLAR
BEER AND BILLIARD SALOON,
Cor. Clay and Moutgomery Sts.,
GEO. THIEL, - PROPRIETOR.
jy28-3m

NOTICE.

TO THE GENTLEMEN OF SAN FRANCISCO. PROF. STEWART, proprietor of the Boston Gymnasium, has taken rooms on Merchant street, (No. 530), to teach the art of Self-defense to all gentlemen who may wish to become acquainted with the different branches, such as sparring, fencing with the small sword, broadsword, the sabre, single stick and quarter-staff. Terms made known at the rooms. Hours from 8 to 12 A. M.; 1 to 10 P. M. P. STEWART, Proprietor.
jy28-1m

New Advertisements

THE
Singer Sewing Machines,
Secured by 17 Distinct Patents,
THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.,
139 MONTGOMERY STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.

THE SINGER "LETTER A TRANSVERSE SHUTTLE" Family Sewing Machine, with all the new improvements, is the best and cheapest, and most beautiful of all Sewing Machines.

☞ This Machine will sew anything from the stitching of a tuck in tarleton, to the making of an overcoat.

☞ There is no machine known which can do so many kinds of work as the LETTER A MACHINE. Let it be tested with the finest thread (say No. 200 cotton) and with the coarsest thread and with all intermediate kinds, and also with both fine and coarse flax thread, upon light, medium and heavy fabrics, and then apply the same tests to other machines, and the greater capacity of the SINGER MACHINE will soon be discovered.

☞ No other Family Sewing Machine has such perfect and improved appliances for Hemming, Binding, Felling, Tucking, Gathering, Gauging, Braiding, Embroidery, Cording, Quilting, etc.

☞ The LETTER A SEWING MACHINE will gather ruffling while stitching it upon a band, in one operation and much more perfectly than other machines.

☞ Stitches! Stitches! ☜

The Letter A Machine makes the INTERLOCKED STITCH, which is the best known, and which alone is recognized by Tailors or Manufacturers of Wearing Apparel of every kind, because of its great STRENGTH, ELASTICITY, DURABILITY, and above all, its ECONOMY, it requiring only about one-third the amount of thread consumed by Machines making the very extravagant and clumsy knitting or double lock stitch, which has been so widely puffed of late, but which in truth is a farce upon the economy of Sewing Machines.

Any person, even of the most ordinary capacity, can see at a glance how to use the Letter A Machine. The mechanism is entirely within view, thus relieving the operator of the harassing perplexities and annoyances so common with machines constructed otherwise. Plain printed instructions accompany each Machine, from which purchasers can easily learn to operate successfully.

Among the great variety of cabinet cases in which the Letter A Machine can be had, the latest and most useful is what is known as the

☞ Folding Top Case. ☜

Which is made exclusively for the Singer Machines, and embodies three very important things. First, Protection to the Machine when not in use. Second—It makes a fine table when it is in use for the work to rest upon. Third—The whole case enclosing its treasure of mechanism, is not only ornamental, but useful in the highest degree.

The Singer Standard or Manufacturing Machine.

For Boot and Shoe-making, Tailoring, Stay-making, Cap making, Army Clothing, Harness-making, Carriage Trimming, etc. This is the only machine that has ever been successfully introduced for manufacturing purposes.

It is certain in action at all rates of speed, simple in structure, of great strength and durability, of great rapidity of operation, and will do more work with less labor than any other Manufacturing Machine claiming public attention. It does its work well at rapid as well as at slow rates of speed. It will last longer than any other machine in the market in the finest possible working order, so done if ever requiring to be repaired. That it will earn more money than any other machine is a fact being generally understood by the public. No Tailor or Manufacturer of Clothing can work to advantage without this Machine.

All persons requiring information about
Sewing Machines, their Sizes, Prices, Working Capacities, and the Best Method of Purchasing,
Can obtain it by sending for a copy of the Singer Manufacturing Companies
ILLUSTRATED PAMPHLET,
Which is entirely devoted to the subject. It will be sent gratis, with specimens of work.
Local Agents Wanted in Every Town.
WILLIAM BRODERICK,
e30 3m General Agent for the Singer Manufacturing Co.

POCKET GOODS.

POCKET CUTLERY,
POCKET SCISSORS,
POCKET IVORY TABLETS,
POCKET CORKSCREWS,
POCKET MEMORANDUMS,
POCKET MONEY PURSES,
POCKET WALLETS, (for Papers,)
POCKET ALBUMS
POCKET TAPE-LINES,
POCKET COMPASSES,
POCKET TOOTH-BRUSHES,
POCKET HAIR-BRUSHES,
POCKET MIRRORS,
POCKET HORN COMBS,
POCKET RUBBER COMBS,
POCKET RUBBER PENCILS,
POCKET PEN AND PENCIL,
POCKET INKSTANDS,
POCKET LEDGERS,
POCKET (FOOT) RULES.

D. E. APPLETON & CO.,
NO. 508 MONTGOMERY STREET,
East Side, between Commercial and Sacramento.
SAN FRANCISCO, jy14

WM. P. TAAFFE,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF
Dry Goods,
107 Battery Street,
BETWEEN CALIFORNIA AND PINE,
(REESE'S BLOCK.) fe10-t

The "Model" Cooking Stove,
Of the Barstow Stove Co., Providence, N. J.
UNSURPASSED IN ELEGANCE AND ECONOMY.
JOHN BROWN,
Sole Agent for California,
DEALER IN STOVES, COOKING UTENSILS,
&c., &c.,
DUPONT STREET,
Bet. Vallejo and Broadway. San Francisco.

I take pleasure in informing the public that I have again received a large invoice of these celebrated stoves, which can be inspected at my store. The attention of housekeepers is called to the fact that these stoves consume scarcely one half the amount of fuel used by others, thereby paying for themselves in a very short time.
All kinds of tinsmithing attended to. jy28-3m

New Advertisements.

POPULAR
Readings from the Poets,
In consequence of the immense success of these Popular Entertainments,
The Third Select Reading,
...OF...
Patriotic and Miscellaneous Pieces,
...BY...
MISS ANGELA STARR KING
Will be Given at
MAGUIRE'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
...ON...
SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 29,

☞ An entire Change of Progamme will be presented, with MUSIC under the direction of Prof. ANTHONY REIFF, Jr., Conductor of the Italian Opera Orchestra.

TICKETS (With Reserved Seats,) ONE DOLLAR,

☞ Box Office open Friday Morning, for reserving seats. jy28

City Marble Works,
NO. 673 MARKET STREET,
OPPOSITE GEARY,
JAMES F. SHARKEY,
PROPRIETOR

Agent for the Sale of the Vermont Marble.

Has always on hand, and delivers when ordered, Marble Mantles, with Grates complete; Cabinet Makers, Plumbers and Butcher's Slabs; Counters, Tiling and Tablets; Monuments and Headstones (with Hebrew inscriptions), and all descriptions of Cemetery Work, Etc., Etc.

Thankful for the generous patronage during the last two years in which I have been established in the marble business in this city, I am convinced I have given satisfaction to all my customers, I would now state that I am enabled, owing to better facilities, to sell Marble Goods at 20 per cent. less than any other responsible house in this city. Being a practical marble worker myself and having given the business my whole attention for years, I am satisfied that all work entrusted to me will be finished to the satisfaction of my patrons.
jy26-3m

Chebra Achim Rachmonim
מנין של ראש השנה and יום כפור

MINJAN FOR THE COMING HEBREW HOLYDAYS.

We, the undersigned Committee of Chebra Achim Rachmonim, are happy to inform our friends and the Hebrew Public in general, that we have succeeded in obtaining Platt's Lower Music Hall, for the purpose of holding Divine Service there during the coming holydays.

We also beg leave to inform all parties wishing to procure choice seats that as there is a great demand for them, they would do well to purchase tickets as soon as possible.

Platt's Hall is one of the most convenient and best ventilated halls in the city, and offers conveniencies for ladies not surpassed anywhere.

Particular attention paid to the convenience of ladies.

Tickets can be obtained from the Committee:
S. SCHOENBERG, 32 Clay street,
CHARLES GROSSLICHT, and
H. BERNSTEIN, 16 Second street,
And all members in general; also of
LOUIS EHRLICH, No. 130 Third street,
P. FUNKENSTEIN, 831 Dupont street,
N. LEVY, Eureka Saloon, Corner California and Montgomery streets. jy28

James C. Rountree, Late of Rountree Bros. | Geo. O. McMullin, Late of Ver Plank & McMullin

ROUNTREE & McMULLIN,
Wholesale Dealers in
Groceries, Provisions,
ETC., ETC.
NO. 323 FRONT STREET,
Bet. Clay and Commercial, San Francisco.
jy28-3m

Blue Wing Cigar Store
526 MONTGOMERY STREET,
Bet. Commercial and Clay.
LEAVY & BROTHER,
DEALERS IN
Fine Havana and Domestic Cigars,
MEERSCHAUM PIPES, ETC.

Meerschaum Pipes Repaired in the best style and at low prices.

☞ A Good Havana Cigar sold here at 12½ cents.
jy28-3m

Fr. H. ROSENBAUM & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
FRENCH PLATE GLASS,
Chance's Crystal Sheet, Stained, Ornamental
...ALL KINDS OF...
WINDOW GLASS,
ROUGH PLATE FOR SIDEWALKS,
GERMAN LOOKING GLASS PLATES,
FRAMED LOOKING GLASSES,
OF ALL SIZES.
Sole Agent for Aug. Nyssenss & Co's
PATENT SILVERED FRENCH PLATE GLASS FOR MIRRORS,
421 & 423 BATTERY STREET,
28 NEAR MERCHANT.

New Advertisements.

Germania
Lebens - Versicherungs - Gesellschaft,
von New York.
Einbezahltes Garantie Capital
$200,000.
Die einzige deutsche Lebens-Versicherungs-Gesellschaft in den Ver. Staaten.

Versicherungs-Summen in Gold bezahlt.

Board of References fuer Californien.
J. H. Donahue, firma Donahue, Ralston & Co.
C. F. Mebius, Praes. A. D. U. G.
J. W. Brittain, importeur.
Elie Lazard, firma Lazard freres.
Edward Vischer, Consul fuer Oesterreich.
Henry Seligman, firma Seligman & Co.
Friedrich Roeding, firma Lynch & Roeding
Dr. Staub, Dr. Regensburger, Dr. Huard, } untersuchende Aerzte.

Bernhard Gattel, General-Agent
Office: 519 Montgomery strasse, San Francisco.

Agentur des Norddeutschen LLOYDS

Regelmässige Directe Postdampfschiffahrt zwischen
Bremen, Havre, und New York, via Southampton.
Bernhard Gattel, Agent.

Wechsel
auf alle Plætze Europa's im Besonderen
London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort a. M., Coeln, Leipzig, Hamburg, Wien, Premen, Mannheim, Koenigsberg, Darmstadt, Prag, Posen, Danzig, Augsburg, Muenchen, Breslau, Stuttgart und allen groesseren Staedten Deutschlands sind haben bei
Bernhard Gattel,
519 Montgomery Strasse.

Vollmachten,
zur Einziehung von Erbschaften oder Forderungen, sowie **Schenkungs-Urkunden** werden ausgefertigt durch
Bernhard Gattel,
519 Montgomery Strasse.

☞ Wir erlauben uns, dem Publikum anzuzeigen, dass wir mit Anwalten und Geschæftshæusern in allen Theilen Deutschlands und den Hauptstædten Europa's in Verbindung getreten und dadurch in den Stand gesetzt sind, Rechts Geschæfte aller Art in Europa prompt und zuverlæssig zu besorgen insbesondere Forderungen zu erheben und, wenn noethig, gerichtlich zu betreiben, Auszahlungen an allen Plætzen zu machen, Erbschaft-Angelegenheiten zu reguliren u. s. w.
Bernhard Gattel,
519 Montgomery Strasse

Passage-Scheine
fuer die Reise von **Bremen und Hamburg** via New York, zu haben bei
Hernhard Gattel
519 Montgomery Strasse

Gelder
in Summen von fuenf Dollars und aufwærts und
Packete
werden nach allen Plætze Europa's besorgt und deren puenktliche Ablieferung garantirt von
ap20 tf **Bernhard Gattel,**

The Bank of California,
SAN FRANCISCO.
CAPITAL PAID UP, - - $2,000,000.
D. O. MILLS,.....**President.**
W. C. RALSTON,.....**Cashier.**

CORRESPONDENTS:
In New York.....MESSRS. LEES & WALLER.
In London....ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

THIS BANK IS NOW PREPARED TO issue LETTERS OF CREDIT, available for the purchase of Merchandise in the East Indies, China, Japan, Australia, and other countries. Authorizing Bills on the Oriental Bank Corporation London.

Exchange for Sale
ON THE ATLANTIC CITIES,
..ALSO ON..

LONDON,	AMSTERDAM,
DUBLIN,	HAMBURG,
PARIS,	BREMEN,

And other leading European Cities. Also, on the Branches of the ORIENTAL BANK at Hongkong and other Asiatic ports.
San Francisco, June 6th, 1865. ja

NEWMAN BROTHERS,
Manufacturers of Brushes,
AND IMPORTERS OF
Wood and Willow Ware,
TWINE AND FEATHER DUSTERS,
TUBS, PAILS, CHURNS, BASKETS, BLACKING, BROOMS, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES,
And a general assortment of
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
Nos. 406 and 408 BATTERY STREET,
jy7 Between Clay and Merchant.

DAY & MARTIN'S BLACKING.
DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTORY IN London, for sale at
NEWMAN BROTHERS',
Nos. 406 and 408 Battery Street.
jy7 Between Clay and Merchant.

Gosnell's Hair Brushes.
DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTORY IN London, for sale at
NEWMAN BROTHERS',
jy7 Nos. 406 and 408 Battery St.

Cotton Sewing Twine
OF ASSORTED SIZES—FOR SALE AT NEWMAN BROTHERS',
jy7 Nos. 406 and 408 Battery Street.

O. F. von RHEIN & CO.,
Employment
AND
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
105 Montgomery St. near Sutter, San Francisco,
Furnish all kinds of
Male and Female Help.
Household Servants, Laborers, Mechanics, &c., &c.
Sell all kinds of Business Places for Cash, Procure Partners, Collect Rents, Let Houses, Negotiate Loans, &c., &c. jy28

HOOKER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL,

COAL, METALS, ETC.

Nos. 117 and 119 California street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

H. ZACHARIAS,

Watchmaker

AND JEWELER,

NO. 538 KEARNY STREET,

Between Sacramento and California, San Francisco.

I receive by every steamer a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches and Diamonds California Jewelry manufactured. Also, a full assortment of Silverware, Spectacles, Opera Glasses, and Jerome's Marine Clocks, always on hand.

Particular attention paid to orders from the country.

☞ Watches and Jewelry repaired and warranted at lowest prices. ju3 tf

---

THOMAS S. LEVY,

ARCHITECT,

ROOM NO. 2 ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Montgomery Street, SAN FRANCISCO.

REFERS, BY PERMISSION TO

DR. JOHN F. MORSE, S. H. PARKER, ESQ.. ap28-3m J. A. MCCLELLAND, ESQ.

LOUIS SCHMIDT,

Teacher of Music,

112 POWELL STREET

Near O'Farrell, SAN FRANCISCO.

mr31-3m

Golden Gate Brewery.

CHAS. METZLER, Proprietor.

GREENWICH STREET,

Between Powell and Mason,

mr31-3m SAN FRANCISC

GREAT BARGAINS!

CLOTHING.

S. HAAS & CO.,

428 MONTGOMERY ST., Near Sacramento,

Are Selling their Large Stock of

Fashionable Clothing,

....AND....

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

..AT..

REMARKABLE LOW PRICES.

Call and Examine them. mr24-tf

T. J. HIGGINS,

Photographic Gallery

659 CLAY STREET,

Over Hinckley's Drug Store, SAN FRANCISCO.

CARTES DE VISITES

Taken in the neatest style, and PHOTOGRAPHS and AMBROTYPES taken in the highest perfection of art, at prices that defy competition.

Small pictures of every kind copied to life size. Ring and Locket Pictures neatly set. my19

GREENBERG & MANDEL,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE,

WHITE AND DECORATED CHINA,

Plated and Britannia Ware, Trays, Cutlery,

Kerosene Oil, and Camphene Lamps, Screens, Lanterns, Fancy Goods, &c.,

624] SACRAMENTO T. [624

☞ Particular attention paid to Family, Hotel and Restaurant Wares.

Please call and examine. mr10

SAN FRANCISCO

INDEPENDENT MUSICAL CLUB.

The SAN FRANCISCO INDEPENDENT MUSICAL CLUB will furnish MUSIC for Parties, either Military or Civic, Balls, Excursions, Serenades, etc., not only on the most reasonable terms, but at the old prices, as the Club is determined that the old rates of compensation are ample and satisfactory, and should be maintained.

Orders promptly attended to. Can be left at A KOHLER'S MUSIC STORE, Washington street.

A. O. KOHLER'S BLUE WING, Montgomery st, near Jay.

E. ROWER, Real Estate Agent, 605 Montgomery street.

WM. VINCENT, corner of Sansome and Halleck streets.

HENRY SCHMIDT, Cigar Store, corner of Kearny and Washington streets.

SCHWARZ & CO., Grocery, corner Kearny and Geary streets.

MUSICAL HEADQUARTERS, Pioneer Hall, corner Bush and Montgomery streets.

JACOB WIEGAND, President.

LEO. ZIMMERMAN, Secretary. je16

JAMES H. CUTTER,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

Groceries and Provisions,

NO. 511 FRONT STREET.

☞ Choice Brands of Isthmus Butter received by every steamer. je23

C. RHINE,

IMPORTER OF ALL KINDS OF

Leaf Tobacco,

407 MERCHANT ST.,

Near Battery, SAN FRANCISCO.

je2

P. R. O'BRIEN,

PRACTICAL PLUMBER AND GAS-FITTER

NO. 641 MARKET STREET,

McFadden's Block, Nearly Opposite Montgomery.

Chandeliers and Fixtures,

GARDEN HOSE, HOSE FIXINGS, Etc.,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Also, Coal Oil Lamps, Chimneys, Globes ... jy14-1m

James A. Donohoe, San Francisco. | Eugene Kelly, New York.

DONOHOE, KELLY & CO.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

EUGENE KELLY & CO.,

NEW YORK,

BANKERS.

Exchange on New York

BANK OF LONDON, LONDON,

BANK OF IRELAND.

jl8 tf

HENTSCH & BERTON

BANKERS.

DRAWS EXCHANGE IN SUMS TO SUIT ON

De Rham & Co.	New York.
Melly, Forget & Co.	Liverpool.
Morris Prevost & Co.	London.
Hentsch, Lutscher & Co.	Paris.
G. de Blonay & Co.	Paris.
Mussard, Andeoud & Co.	Paris.
Mirabaud, Paccard & Co.	Paris.
Pillet, Willet & Co.	Paris.
Hentsch & Co.	Geneva (Switz.)
Commercial Bank of Geneva.	Geneva.
Lombard, Older & Co.	Geneva.
A. & L. Galopin Bros.	Geneva.
Ph. Roget & Son.	Geneva.
Schickner, Bros.	Berlin.
Lutteroth & Co.	Hamburg.
B. Metzler, Sons & Co.	Frankfort a. M.

Purchase certificates of deposits, bonds and general securities at current rates. Receive deposits and transacts a general banking business.

An assay office is attached to the bank, and liberal advances will be made on precious metals assayed by them. oc28-1m

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DRAFTS ON

Berlin,	Munster,
Stettin,	Frankfort a'M.,
Konigsberg.	Weimar,
Posen,	Leipzig.
Breslau,	Prag,
Cologne,	Vienna,
Elberfeld,	Triest,

And Other German Cities.

ARE FURNISHED AT THE

Prussian Consulate,

San Francisco, by

H. HANSSMANN,

220 Front street.

DRAFTS ON

London,
Hamburg,
Bremen,
Berlin,
Frankfort

In Sums to Suit,

BY

MORRIS SPEYER,

526 Washington street,

mr31-3m

JACOB ZECH'S

Piano Manufactory

Is still at the Old Place,

NO. 416 MARKET STREET,

East of Sansome, up stairs.

To the many Prizes already awarded to me for my Pianos, is now added that of the Mechanic's Fair in San Francisco, held 1864.

I hereby recommend my instruments to the Public. JACOB ZECH.

DR. LIBBEY,

OF

EXTENSIVE DENTAL PRACTICE,

Will execute, in every department of his profesion,

Artificial Teeth, Plugging, Etc

As well and at as low rates as any other First-Class Dentist in the State.

Office, No. 224 Montgomery Street,

Directly opposite the Russ House Hall Door.

my26-3m

B. CARSON,

CARD ENGRAVER

SACRAMENTO STREET,

Cor. of Montgomery, Under Donohoe, Kelly & Co.'s Bank,

SAN FRANCISCO

WEDDING,
RECEPTION,
AT HOME, and
VISITING CARDS,
NOTARIAL SEALS and
DOOR PLATES,

Executed with Neatness and Dispatch.

je16

MRS. H. TISHLER,

NO. 39 SECOND STREET,

Opposite Jessie, SAN FRANCISCO,

MANUFACTURESS OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

☞ Plain Sewing of every description, Embroidery and Marking done to order.

All orders promptly attended to. jy21-3m

The Celebrated Dancers

M'LLE. CAROLINE ACOSTA AND MONS. WIETHOFF'S

DANCING ACADEMY.

M'lle Caroline Acosta and Mons. Wiethoff take this opportunity of informing the citizens of San Francisco that they are opening a PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY for instruction in all styles of Dancing, both Society and Theatrical.

☞ Inquire at the International Hotel, from 12 to 4 o'clock. jy21

FRED'K ZECH,

PIANO-FORTE TUNER AND REPAIRER.

ORDERS TO BE LEFT AT 214 Post street, between Dupont and Stockton.

Melodeons Tuned and Repaired.

☞ All Orders promptly attended to. fe24

BUSWELL & Co.,

BOOKBINDERS, PAPER-RULERS,

AND

Blank-Book Manufacturers,

509 CLAY STREET and 508 COMMERCIAL STREET

Between Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco.

ja29-tf

"Every Man in His Own House, paying no rent," is the motto and mission of the CALIFORNIA BUILDING AND LOAN SOCIETY. All those who have joined the Society, and desired houses, have got them. Room enough for more houses and more members. The ruls of the Society is: "First come, first served." Deposits received by the Society at the following rates:

Deposits "at call" 1 per cent. per month.

Deposits at six months 1½ per cent. per month.

Deposits on the Permanent Stock, 1½ per cent. per month.

All transactions in Gold Coin.

THOMAS MOONEY, Secretary.
Office, 406 Montgomery street,
Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s.

☞ Office open daily, and on Saturday evenings. au5 tf

CHARLES E. LANCASTER,

DENTIST,

912 DUPONT STREET, Bet. Washington and Jackson.

☞ Office Open Day and Night.

All Operations in Dentistry executed in a skillful and durable manner, and at Moderate Prices, to suit the times. no4-3m

---

FRED. MORSCH,

House, Sign, Fresco and Ornamental

PAINTER,

540 California St.,

BELOW KEARNY. fe24-3m

Save Your Teeth!

E. F. BUNNELL, Rooms, 611 Clay Street. Do not have your Teeth Extracted. DR. BUNNELL pledges himself to save every tooth that aches from exposure of the nerve, and will refund the charge for the operation and extract the tooth free of charge in every case of failure. Teeth filled with gold, artistical bone, and gold lithodeon, and warranted.

Plate teeth on vulcanite base, the best material yet discovered; also, if preferred, on gold; either warranted to fit.

☞ N. B.—More than one thousand aching teeth have been saved consecutivey, without the loss of one. de2

RELIEF! RELIEF!

INFALLIBLE PILE REMEDY.

Those who are afflicted with the PILES, and wish to be relieved of their suffering, would do well to call at

C. SICHEL'S

Hairdressing Saloon,

620 COMMERCIAL STREET,

A few doors above the United States Branch Mint.

my26

GEO. TIEMANN & CO.'S

New York Branch

SURGICAL AND DENTAL INSTRUMENT DEPOT AND TRUSS OFFICE,

NO. 218 MONTGOMERY STREET,

Opposite the Russ House.

☞ THE TRADE PROMPTLY SUPPLIED.

J. H. A. FOLKERS,

je2-4m SOLE AGENT.

GERMAN HERRINGS,

SMOKED HERRINGS,

LIMBURGER CHEESE,

GREEN CHEESE,

SWISS CHEESE,

CALIFORNIA HONEY, FRUITS, JELLIES AND JAMS, PICKLES IN VINEGAR,

EGGS, BUTTER, CHEESE,

LARD, ETC.

Goods Delivered Free of Charge,

Bartlett & Shaw,

NO. 76 WASHINGTON MARKET,

je23

"THE BIVALVE"

Oyster Saloon,

AND CHOP HOUSE,

NO. 640 MARKET STREET

THREE DOORS BELOW KEARNY ST.

W. NOLTING & W. SPREEN,

Have just opened this establishment, where they will be happy to meet their friends. Give us a call.

☞ Private entrance for Ladies, jy14

FOR PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION

THERE IS NO BOOK EQUAL TO IT.

Is the remark of every one who has had any experience with Richardson's New Method, the most popular, thorough and attractive volume of Studies, Examples and Exercises ever published. Price $3 75. Sent post-free. Sold by all Music Dealers. Oliver Ditson & Co., Publishers. Also, for sale by the Music Dealers of San Francisco. jy14-tf

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NOTICE.

J. IVANCOVICH & CO.,

WHOLESALE

FRUIT AND COMMISSION DEALERS,

Have removed from No. 420 Washington St., to

NOS. 405 and 407 DAVIS STREET,

Where they will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Dry and Green Fruit. Orders solicited and promptly attended to. jy14-3m

---

CONTINENAL HOTEL,

Southeast Corner of

SANSOME AND COMMERCIAL STREETS,

Entrance on both streets.

TANDLER & LANG,

Proprietors.

THIS HOTEL IS NOW OPEN FOR THE reception of Guests.

The Proprietors respectfully recommend this their new house, to their numerous friends in this City, Country and the Atlantic States, with the aasurance that nothing will be omitted on their part to render the Continental as eligible a Hotel as any in San Francisco, both for City Boarders as for Merchants and Families from the Interior. This house is located in the very heart of the Commercial part of the City, and provided with every convenience calculated to render a stay in the same convenient and comfortable. The rooms are high and airy. The furniture is new.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL,

Southeast corner Sansome and Commercial streets. Entrance on both streets. de18 tf

---

AUG. J. SAULMAN, F. L. LAUENSTEIN.

SAULMAN'S COFFEE SALOON,

GERMAN BAKERY & CONFECTIONARY,

Armory Hall Building, 506 Montgomery street,

Cor. Sacramento, San Francisco.

AGENCY FOR RUSSIAN CAVIAR.

ORDERS FOR CONFECTIONARY, PASTRY, Jellies, Cream, etc., for Wedding Ceremonies and Parties, promptly attended to.

His long residence and extended custom is sufficient guarantee of the superiority of his productions. de18 tf

---

HOTEL INTERNATIONAL

JACKSON STREET,

A Few Doors West from Montgomery street.

SAN FRANCISCO.

F. E. WEIGANT, PROPRIETOR.

Rooms Rented Low at the TREMONT HOUSE.

no18-3m

H. HOESCH,

COFFEE AND DINING SALOON,

And Bakery,

NO. 614 CLAY STREET,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND KEARNY STREETS

SAN FRANCISCO.

I. BERTUCCI & CO.'S

Italians' Restaurant,

512 Clay Street,

ADJOINING THE NEW CLAY STREET MARKET

San Francisco.

no4-3m

RUSSELL & CO'S

U.S. RESTAURANT

NO. 507 & 509 CLAY STREET,

Between Montgomery and Sansome,

SAN FRANCISCO.

J. M. RUSSEL | C. T. FOREST.

my19-1m WM. R. BOVEE, Assistant

F. KESMODEL'S

IMPROVED

Patent Trusses,

The undersigned having experimented for the last six years for the improving of TRUSSES, desires to call the attention of those in need of a reliable instrument to the following results obtained:

The most important part of a Truss consists in the pad being of a shape which, when pressure is applied will not check circulation of the blood. This is obtained by taking an accurate impression on the parts of each individual.

The pad is then made after the above model, of thin silver and being perforated over the whole surface, allows free ventilation and gives the parts a chance to recuperate.

The pad being adjusted to the spring with ball and socket-joints, allows free motion of the body without altering the bearing of the pad.

I have also invented a spring with an adjustable joint, whereby the pressure can at any moment be increased or diminished.

F. KESMODEL.

Cutler and Surgical Instrument Maker,

No. 817 Kearny Street,

Between Jackson and Washington.

REMOVAL.

JOSEPH ISAAC & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STATIONERY.

HAVE REMOVED TO

513 Cor. of Sansome and Merchant Sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Blank Books, Playing Cards, Labels of Every Description at the lowest market prices.

Particular attention paid to all orders from the Country. je23

Dr. A. Wilhelm,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,

No. 4 Brenham Place, Frank's Building.

OFFICE HOURS—From 8 to 9 A. M., from 2 to 4 and from 7 to 9 P. M. fe5 tf

---

PAUL NEUMAN,

Attorney at Law,

Rechts-Anwald,

OFFICE N. W. CORNER MONTGOMERY AND JACKSON STREETS,

SAN FRANCISCO. jy21-3m

B. HAMBURGER, Successor to

HAMBURGER, BROS.,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

BONNETS, EMBROIDERIES, YANKEE NOTIONS, ETC.,

306 and 308 SACRAMENTO STREET,

Bet. Battery and Front, SAN FRANCISCO.

All orders promptly attended to. jy21

I. C. E. KLEPZIG,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

GUNS

AND

PISTOLS,

Sporting Apparatus, Etc.,

Ammunition and Gun Materials,

733 WASHINGTON STREET,

ABOVE THE HALL OF RECORDS,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

☞ Repairing done in a workmanlike manner, the shortest notice. au13

SOMETHING NEW!!

WM. DICKMAN,

..OF THE..

Photographic Gallery

NAHL BROS. & DICKMAN,

121 MONTGOMERY STREET

Has succeeded after many trials to big the so-called Photo-Miniature or Sun Pictures d'Porcelain to their greatest perfection. They are colored by the well-known artist Carl Nahl. Specens of this new and beautiful style of picture can be seen at the gallery, No. 121 Montgomery street between Bush and Sutter. jl-3m

---

ENGELBERG & WAGNER'S

BAKERY & CONFECTIONEE

NO. 416 KEARNY STREET,

Between California and Pine.

☞ Orders for Wedding Cakes and Fin confectionery will be promptly attended to.

☞ Always on hand Milk and Brown Br jl29

THEODORE VOIZIN, GUSTS RIS

Voizin, Ris & C

AUCTIONEES

....AND....

COMMISSION MERCHAN

JOHN B. LUTHER.....Auc'r

Nos. 217, 219 & 221 Sansome street

Near California.

SALE DAYS.—Tuesdays and Fridays, ca sales of Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Goods, etc.—Thursdays, regular catalogue American, French and English Dry Goods, Embroideries, etc.

G. Groezinger,

DEALER IN

NATIVE WINES AND BRANDIE

BITTERS.

ALL KINDS OF LIQUORS AND FOREIGN WINE

N. W. CORNER OE PINE AND BATTERY.

SAN FRANCISCO. jy

INDUSTRIAL FAIR

Mechanics' Institute.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF AWARDS ON California Brandies, Cordials and Bitters; held September 28th, 1864.

First Premium Awarded to Squarza for Punches.

First Premium for Cordials.

First Premium for Squarza's Hygienic Bitters.

The Committee think this is a fit occasion not only to award to true merit, and stamp with verity an article (or articles) worthy of public confidence and patronage; but also to put their seal of condemnation upon VILLAINOUS COMPOUNDS, BASE IMITATIONS AND WORTHLESS COUNTERFEITS, which resemble the genuine only in their names.

Squarza's Punches, Cordials and Bitters,

on exhibition, declared them to be composed of the best material, and that the same were manufactured with science and utmost care.

The Committee, in their deliberation, had to rely entirely upon the numbers on the bottles; knowing nothing of the authors of either samples submitted to their examination, but were unanimous in their approbation of the one, and the condemnation of the other, Respectfully submitted,

DR. I. ROWELL, Professor of Chemistry,
DR. L. J. CZAPKAY,
FRANCIS C. BELDEN,
Committee.

de16

UNION SALT WORKS,

NOS. 308 AND 310 FRONT STREET,

Between Sacramento and Commercial Sts.

HAS TAKEN ALL THE 1ST PREMIUMS in this State for four years past; and is the only place where an article of good

TABLE OR DAIRY SALT

can be found—it being perfectly clean, dry and free from bad smell.

A. B. WINEGAR,

je9-3m Proprietor.

B. M. Atchison, | P. A. Rodgers.

B. M. ATCHISON & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Lard, Pickles,

CURED MEAT,

Honey and Cranberries,

Fresh Rancho Butter and Eggs received daily, and Eastern Butter by every steamer, Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Families supplied, and Goods delivered Free. Consignments solicited.

NO. 7 OCCIDENTAL MARKET.

Opposite Second Street, San Francisco.

jy14

REMOVAL.

ROBERT LIDDLE & CO

Gun and Rifle Makers;

....AND....

IMPORTERS OF ALL CLASSES OF SPORTING TACKLE.

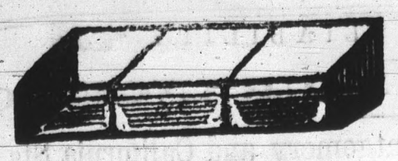
Have Removed to

538 WASHINGTON STREET,

Below Montgomery, SAN FRANCISCO.

jy21-1m

TEUBNER & HOFFMAN,
Show-Case



WAREROOMS,
NO. 431 KEARNY STREET,

Between Pine and California streets, San Francisco. Show-Cases made in every style—Silver-Plated, Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut, etc. Old Show-Cases taken in exchange. de25 tf

WANTED.
500 More Subscribers
..FOR..
ATLANTIC AND EUROPEAN PAPERS
AND MAGAZINES,

Which will be delivered at the residences of subscribers at lowest possible rates.

Leave your orders at the store of
B. B. STEINBRINK,
No. 35 Second Street,
Or at the Office of THE HEBREW. my5

JONATHAN KITTREDGE,
PHŒNIX WORKS,

NOS. 6 and 8 BATTERY STREET,
Near Bush, SAN FRANCISCO.

Manufacturer of Fire-proof Doors and Shutters, Bank Vaults and Monitor Safes, Gratings, Balconies, Bolt and Bridge Work, and All Kinds of General Blacksmithing.

We particularly call the attention of Bankers and others to the MONITOR SAFES and VAULTS—an article long sought for in California—great care being taken in the manufacture of these Safes relative to their strength against the designs of wily burglars. mr3

REMOVAL.
WALLER & JACOBI'S
OCCIDENTAL AUCTION STORE,
HAS REMOVED
From the Old Stand, 124 Montgomery Street,
TO 306 KEARNY STREET,
THREE DOORS FROM BUSH STREET

☞ THE LOW PRICE OF DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, etc., etc., will be continued as heretofore. je16

JOSEPH BIEN,
MACHINIST
322 COMMERCIAL STREET,
Between Battery and Front.

Hurrah! Hurrah! Hurrah!
..FOR THE..
MAMMOTH SALOON!

The only place (Saloon) in San Francisco where every visitor is served satisfactorily, is undoubtedly at

Kihlmeyer's
MAMMOTH SALOON!

Six elegant Billiard Tables, from the manufactory of P. Liessenfeld, are placed in this Saloon. Also, a Shooting Gallery, provided with the best Guns and Pistols, surpassing any other in the State of California. Also, an Oyster Stand, where the best of Oysters and other Refreshments can be obtained. The Mammoth BAR is as usual provided with the best Wines, Liquors, and Cigars, and a supply of the celebrated Philadelphia Lager Beer constantly on hand.

For the amusement of guests, good Music is provided, and Mr. Kihlmeyer, his barkeepers, etc., will wait on visitors. All are invited by

L. KIHLMEYER,
N. W. corner Jackson and Kearny Sts., Apel House
jy7

ORIGINAL HOUSE
BARBER SHOP AND BATHS,
533 SACRAMENTO STREET,

Opposite the office of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co.
CHRISTOPHER DIEHL, Proprietor.

The undersigned takes the liberty to inform his many friends and patrons that he has taken the sole management of the above establishment, in connection with the Bath House. Every customer honoring me with a call will receive the best attention. CHRISTOPHER DIEHL.
jy7-tf

REMOVAL.
WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.
Have Removed to
NO. 417 BATTERY STREET
je23-tf

Violin Taught.
P. B. ISAACS,
Teaches the Violin

By his Classical and Progressive Method, with astonishing success.

Those desiring instruction on that beautiful instrument will please call or send their orders to the address of

P. B. Isaacs, 735 Vallejo street.
my5-3m

P. RICCI. A. CELLA
RICCI & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Punch of all Kinds,
And Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
WINES & LIQUORS

Punch:

Tip-Top, Whisky, Cognac, Raspberry, Rum, Ladies' Charm, Coffee, Chocolate, Kirschwasser, Nectar, Florence Pleasure, Stomatical Bitters, Italian Vermouth Wine, Anti-Divorce, Kimmel,
Appetizer (before dinner), **Pousse-Cafe** (after dinner).

talian, French, Spanish and Portuguese Wines, Ale, Porter, Champagne Cider (on draught and in bottles), Lager Beer, Cordials, Syrups and the Best Havana Cigars.

534 Commercial street,
Bet. Montgomery and Leidesdorff.
San Francisco. de18 tf

REMEMBER THE PIONEER.
☞ 912 ☜
Second-Hand Clothing and Furniture Bought and Sold.

WM. COHEN, 912 KEARNY STREET, BE-tween Jackson and Pacific, pays the highest prices, in cash, for CAST-OFF CLOTHING of every description, male or female. Also SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, BOOTS, BOOKS, BLANKETS, JEWELRY, HATS, etc.

Ladies will be attended to by Mrs. COHEN. All orders puuctually attended to.

P. S.—No ousiness transacted from Friday, sundown, until Saturday, sundown. Private entrance for ladies. Wm. Cohen has no connection with any other store.

MINERVA HALL,
BEER, WINE & BILLIARD SALOON.
Cor. Kearny and California streets,
Up Stairs.

☞ Armory of the Sigel Rifles, Steuben Guard, San Francisco Tirailleurs, &c., &c.

COB KNELL, Proprietor

N. LEVY'S
EUREKA SALOON,
NORTHEAST CORNER OF
California and Montgomery Streets.

THE BEST KIND OF LIQUORS, WINES and Cigars can only be had at the above establishment. One of Liesenfeld's Patent

Billiard Tables

Is attached to the Saloon. Caviar, Swiss and Limburg Cheese always fresh on hand. Everybody is sure to meet his friends at N. LEVY'S EUREKA SALOON. Call and judge for yourselves. jl29 3m

NEW YORK HOTEL
BILLIARD SALOON
Corner of Battery & Commercial
SAN FRANCISCO.

The undersigned takes pleasure to inform his friends and the public that he has entirely renovated the Billiard Saloon counected with the New York Hotel. The saloon now contains two of Strahle's best Billiard Tables, equal to any in the city.

The Best Wines and Liquors, are kept at the bar. Also Choice Brands of Havana Cigars—Kosher Liquors Etc.
M. LEVY, Proprietor.

JOHN R. SIMS,
SUCCESSOR TO SIMS & FRAZER,
OREGON STREET,
Bet. Washington and Davis, and Front and Jackson.
Manufacturers of
FIRE-PROOF DOORS AND SHUTTERS,
BANK VAULTS, GRATINGS,
CEMETERY RAILINGS, ETC.

All orders from the interior, Oregon, Washington Territory, Vancouver's Island, British Columbia, or any place on the Pacific Coast, attended to with promptness and dispatch.

Mr. Sims appreciates the past liberal patronage of his friends, and trusts he may continue to merit it in the future. For the information of strangers, he would say, that he feels confident that his experience in his particular calling is surpassed by none on this Coast, which his superior work, sent to almost every town in California, Oregon, also Victoria and the Sandwich Islands, and to be seen on some of the best buildings in San Francisco, fully attest.

☞ A large assortment of Second-Hand Shutters on hand for sale at low rates. my26-3m

Philipp Freund. | **Adolph Falk.**
FREUND & CO.,
Importers and Retailers in
Blank-Books, Stationery,
Paper and Paper Bags, also Billiard Chalk, Playing Cards, Feather Dusters, Tooth-Picks, Etc., Wholesale and Retail.
NO. 511 CLAY STREET,
Between Sansome and Leidesdorff.

All orders for printing Billheads, Shipping Books and Envelopes, promptly attended to, at the lowest rates. jv7

WM. WORTHINGTON,
House and Sign Painter
IMPORTER OF
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.,
735 MARKET STREET,
Between Third and Fourth Streets,
jy14-3m SAN FRANCISCO.

A. F. BILAY,
Eureka Bowling Saloon
AT THE MISSION,
OPPOSITE THE RAILROAD STATION.
mr31-1m

Immense Stock
OF
Boys' and Youths' Suits

The Only Place in California where
H. M. LOCKWOOD & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
CLOTHING
CAN BE FOUND.

☞ All the Latest Styles of our own manufacture received by every Steamer.

Good Reliable Goods and Low Prices.
H. M. LOCKWOOD & CO.,
de18 tf 624 Clay street.

MEYER MISH'S
Sample Rooms,
No. 420 COMMERCIAL STREET,
Bet. Sansome and Battery, SAN FRANCISCO.

BEST WINES AND LIQUORS,
Sold at Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Orders for Wines and Liquors filled with promptness and forwarded to any part of the city ree of charge. de9-3m

DR. BRUNS,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
434 California street,
Between Montgomery and Sansome,
Office Hours—From 10 to 11 A., M., from 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 P. M. au5 tf

THE FIRST PREMIUM
FOR THE
BEST BREAD!
Received from the Mechanics' Fair of this Year!!

HEFTER'S BAKERY,
776 Folsom street.

Ladies should try my bread to convince themselves of the good quality of the same.
Families will be served daily with fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies. CHARLES B. HEFTER,
mr 776 Folsom street.

AT A REDUCED PRICE OF TEN PER CENT
Gold Medal and First Premium
AWARDED TO
W. B. J. KENNEY,
For the best California Made
GOLD PENS.

PREMIUMS AWARDED BY THE
American Institute, New York, 1844—Gold Medal and First Premium.
Ditto ditto 1848—Gold Medal and Diploma.
Maryland Institute, Baltimore, 1852—Silver Miedal and First Premium.
Mechanics' Institute, San Francisco, 1864—(the last Fair)—Gold Medal and First Premium.

Manufactory and Sale Room—Armory Hall, cor. of Montgomery and Sacramento sts.—(Up-stairs.) my12

BROOKS'S OLIVINA OIL,
For Coloring Red or Grey Hairs Without Washing.

This wonderful invention has in the short space of six months entirely superseded all the most famous hair dyes—it can be applied in one minute, with the greatest ease. For sale wholesale and retail, by
ROBERT F. BROOKS, Hair Dyer, Etc.
mr3 610 Washington street, San Francisco.

JEFF. DAVIS CAUGHT!

But with a small portion of plunder. Fine BOYS' SUITS, and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING generally, can always be found in great variety at C. A. FLETCHER'S No. 1 Masonic Temple, corner of Montgomery and Post streets. Boys' Suits made to order, from a fine assortment of French and Mission goods, and the celebrated "Harris's" Cloths, from Fashion Plates received monthly. This is the only house in the city in receipt of the fashions. A fine assortment of Gentlemen's Clothing and Furnishing Goods, Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, etc. 26 tf

J. R. STEWART, | E. T. PECK.
J. R. STEWART & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Groceries, Provisions, and Liquors,
No, 417 BATTERY STREET, Cor. Merchant,
Between Clay and Washington.
Sale Days: WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
je16-tf

Notice to Shippers
..TO..
RED BLUFF.

ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5th, the steamers of the California Steam Navigation Company,
WILL LEAVE
SACRAMENTO FOR RED BLUFF,
EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.
J. WHITNEY, JR., President.

J. LELONG,
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER,
NO. 413 DAVIS STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO.
MANUFACTURES ALL KINDS OF CANDIES
OF THE BEST MATERIALS,
AND WILL SELL AS LOW AS ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE TRADE.
☞ Goods Warranted to Keep in Any Climate.
Country orders promptly attended to. Dealers supplied on liberal terms. jy14

DR. M. SICHEL,
Surgeon & Dentist,
NO. 650 WASHINGTON STREET,
Near Kearny, San Francisco.

☞ Teeth Extracted by a new process, with the aid of Nitre of Ammonia, or Laughing Gas.

W. H. PILLNER,
Photographic Artist,
NO. 14 SECOND STREET.

Views Taken at the Shortest Notice, on the Most Reasonable Terms.

Cards Per Dozen - - - - $2

No. 14 Second Street, San Francisco.
fc10-3m

A. CHIO & CO.,
First Premium Punches,
DEALERS IN
WINES AND LIQUORS!
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
WARRANTED TO BE THE BEST.

NO. 527 WASHINGTON STREET,
Two Doors Above Washington Market.
my19-3m

HARMONY HALL
Concert and Billiard Saloon,
Connected with a FINE SHOOTING GALLERY,
610 SACRAMENTO STREET,
Corner of Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

The Proprietors have made it their object to keep only the best kinds of Wines and Liquors, and will do their utmost to please their guests.

Music furnished (by the best Musicians) for Balls, Parties, Serenades, etc., at the shortest notice.

A Grand Concert every Evening.

An Extra fine Lunch served every day from 11 o'clock A. M.
je16-3m **WINKLER & SCHWARTZ.**

TEETH! TEETH!
$10,000 Wanted!

And in order to raise it as soon as possible, I will for three months perform Dental Operations at the following prices:

Gum Teeth, on Gold, full upper or lower sets, $60; Plain Teeth, on Gold, upper or lower sets, $50; One Tooth on Gold, $8 to 10; two teeth on gold, $10 to 12; three teeth on gold, $13; four teeth on gold, $16; six teeth on gold, $20; eight teeth on gold, $25; Gum teeth, on Platina, full upper or lower sets, $50; Plain Teeth, on Platina, upper or lower sets, $40; Block Gum Teeth, on Goodyear's Patent Rubber Vulcanized, full upper or lower sets, $25; Plain Teeth, on Rubber, full upper or lower sets, $15 to 20; One Tooth, on Rubber, $5; two teeth, on rubber, $7; three teeth, on rubber, $9; four teeth, on rubber, $10; six teeth, on rubber, $12 to 14; eight teeth, on rubber, $15; Teeth filled wiht Gold, $2; Teeth filled with Amalgam, $1; Teeth filled with Artificial Dentine, $1; Teeth Cleansed $1 to 1 50; Teeth Extracted 50 cents.

AND THE MAN DON'T LIVE THAT CAN DO IT BETTER.

N. B.—None but the Best materials used, and every operation warranted perfectly satisfactory.

DR. JOHN HEALD,
DENTIST,
Office, Montgomery Street, Corner of California.
Entrance on both streets.

כשר כש
S. CANS,
Nos. 1 and 3 Clay Street Market.
DEALER IN BEEF, VEAL AND
MUTTON.

The best kinds of Meats always on hand, and delivered to customers in all parts of the city free of charge. my 19-3m

PETROLEUM OIL COMPANIES
ATTENTION.

MR. PRAG IS NOW PREPARED TO manufacture Petroleum, Hydraulic and Artesian Well Pipes, in the best workmanlike manner and at the lowest market rates. Having lately enlarged my stock of machinery for that branch of business, I am now prepared to fill all orders with despatch and guarantee satisfaction.
M. PRAGG,
Stove store, No. 125 Clay street, below Davis street. je30-3m

A. B. LEWIS,
No. 32 Geary Street---San Francisco
DEALER IN
WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, ETC.
All of the best quality—for family use.

☞ **Orders promptly attended to.** je9-3m

SPECIAL NOTICE.
VEHICLE AND PEDDLERS' LICENCES DELINQUENT.

The Penalties to be Rigidly Enforced through the Police Court.

All parties who have not paid their VEHICLE LICENCES, which became due on the first of the present month, are hereby warned in time that the same, if unpaid on the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST ensuing, will become DELINQUENT, when an addition of Twenty-Five per Cent. will be added, and the drivers of such vehicles, whether owners or not, will be arrested and prosceuted through the Police Court, and subjected to fines much heavier than the licenses. Peddlers are also subject to a heavy fine, with an addition of $5, to be paid to the informer. All of which may be saved by prompt payment to
E. P. BUCKLEY, Collector of Licenses.
jy14 Office, No. 7 City Hall.

G. & H. AND CARNES' CITY
Letter and Parcel Express,
AT LOOMIS' NEWS DEPOT,
COR. WASHINGTON AND SANSOME.
jy14

REMOVAL.
FR. PUTZMAN,
Dealer in Wines and Liquors,
Has Removed to
NO. 213 JACKSON STREET,
Between Front and Battery Streets.
jy14-3m

FURNITURE COVERING,

AND

NEW CURTAIN GOODS.
B. L. SOLOMON & SONS,
312 California street,
HAAVE JUST IMPORTED A FINE STOCK OF
BROCATELLES, SATINS, PLUSHES, LASTINGS, REPS, DAMASKS,
And every variety of COVERINGS and CURTAIN MATERIAL of the
LATEST STYLES AND NEW DESIGNS.
au12 tf

JULIUS TAMMEYER,
Merchant Tailor,
NO. 325 BUSH STREET,
Between Kearny and Montgomery,
SAN FRANCISCO.

☞ Cleaning and Repairing done on the most reasonable terms. my29

EMILE V. SUTTER
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☞ **626 CLAY STREET,** ☜
Between Montgomery and Kearny Streets,
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Deeds, Mortgages, Leases, Powers of Attorney, Contracts, etc., drawn up with care. German, French and Spanish spoken. fe10

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HOTELS, PRIVATE FAMILIES and EMPLOYERS of every description, promptly supplied with the best MALE and FEMALE HELP, WITHOUT TROUBLE OR EXPENSE. Only send order, or write by Mail or Express, to
ja7 tf **JOHN O'BRIEN & Co., San Francisco.**

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THE BEST LAGER BEER IN THE STATE.
☞ The Country supplied at the most reasonable terms.
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(Successor to the late DR. PEARSON,)
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You can get good work done at my office twenty per cent. cheaper than at any dentists on Clay street. Call and see our terms. no25-3m

WILLIAM TELL HOUSE,
BUSH STREET,
BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND KEARNY
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Martin Fenstermacher,
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☞ Known to have the best table set. ☜
fe24-3m

CHAS. VAN GULPEN. RUD. SCHERREL.
West End Wine Hall.
WEST END HOTEL,
On Brenham Place, Opposite the Plaza.

REMOVAL.
MR. M. SHLOSS,
Returns his sincere thanks to the public for their liberal patronage during the past seven years and informs them that he has removed to
No. 138 Montgomery Street,
UNDER THE OCCIDENTAL.
Where he has opened a well assorted stock o
FANCY AND STAPLE
DRY GOODS,
The Most Complete Assortment of Millinery of the Latest Fashion.
Also, a large assortment of
CLOAKS OF LATEST STYLE.I
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
☞ Please remember the number, 138 Montgomery street, under the Occidental Hotel.
my5-3m **M. SHLOSS.**

JAS. DONNELLY'S
FAMILY AND CRACKER BAKERY,
109 SANSOME STREET.

Ship, Navy, Pilot and Family Bread, Soda, Sugar, Boston, Butter and Picnic Crackers, Jenny Linds, Ginger Schnapps and Fancy Cakes, of all kinds always on hand.

City and Country Merchants, Hotel, Restaurant and Boarding-house Keepers are respectfully solicited to call and examine price and quality before giving their orders elsewhere. je23-1m

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The opera of "La Sonnambula" is announced for to-night. To-morrow afternoon, Mr. Gottschalk will hold a grand matinee, in which this great artist will perform ten of his own compositions. The occasion will undoubtedly be a musical luxury.

OPERA HOUSE.—The Siegrist Family, with their performing dogs, form a very pleasing addition to the usual attractions at this theatre, and greatly assist in making up an agreeable evening's entertainment. Mr. Leman, an actor well known here, sustains the leading characters in dramatic performances.

EUREKA THEATRE.—"Jessie Brown, or the Relief of Lucknow," has been the leading feature the past week. The heroine is a character admirably adapted to the capabilities of Mrs. Fanny Morgan Phelps, whose natural and happy rendering creates unusual interest. Miss Gass as "Amy Campbell," deserves more than passing notice for her creditable impersonation. "Twelfth Night," last evening, brought into requisition the services of the entire company, to whom too much praise cannot be given for their charming performances.

IN MEMORIAM.—Monuments and head-stones, appropriately inscribed in Hebrew character, can be had at the City Marble Works, 673 Market street. The proprietor being a practical worker himself, he is able to sell cheaper than others. Slabs, mantles, counters, etc., also furnished. See advertisement.

FOR A FULL-FLAVORED CIGAR, a handsome pipe, or a good brand of genuine tobacco, you must go to the Blue Wing Cigar Store, kept by Leavey & Bros., 526 Montgomery street.

PARTIES in want of servants of all descriptions, will do well to call at O. F. von Rhein & Co.'s, 105 Montgomery street, near Sutter. The gentlemen also attend to buying and selling real estate, etc., etc.

GET YOUR PIANOS TUNED.—Mr. Fred. Zech, No. 214 Post street, between Dupont and Stockton, has tuned the pianos in all of Gottschalk's concerts. Orders left at his residence will be promptly attended to.

Wenn Euer schwacher Magen
Keinen Bissen kann vertragen,
Dann Rosenbaum's Bitter's trinkt,
Alsbald Euch die Besserung winkt.

N. B. Jacob's & Co., Agenten,
No. 423 Front Straße.

☞ Wir machen das Publikum und besonders die Kaufleute vom Lande auf die Anzeige der Herren Feldmann & Co., Importeure und Händler von Holz- und Weidenwaaren, Nos. 211 & 213 Californiastraße, ganz besonders aufmerksam.

☞ Familien und Alle, welche einen wirklich guten Kochofen haben wollen, machen wir auf die Anzeige des Herrn Bohn, Dupont Straße, zwischen Broadway und Vallejo, aufmerksam, welcher der alleinige Agent ist für Californien für die berühmten „Model Cooking Stove's." Dieser Kochofen besitzt den großen Vorzug vor allen andern, daß er nur mit der Hälfte soviel Brennmaterial als alle anderen zweimal so effectvoll ist. Er hat große Behälter für heißes Wasser, u. s. w., und vereinigt überhaupt Oekonomie mit Eleganz in einem hohen Grade. Herr Bohn, Blechschmied, No. 1218 Dupont Straße, zwischen Vallejo und Broadway, ist der alleinige Agent der „Model Cooking Stove's" in Californien.

☞ Wir machen Kaufleute vom Lande auf die Anzeige der Herren Bountree & McMullin, Großhändler in Materialien, in einer anderen Spalte d. Bl. aufmerksam.

☞ Die besten und billigsten Seidenzeuge, Mantillen, u. s. w. findet man bei Taaffe & Co. No. 9. Montgomerystraße.

☞ Herr Geo. W. Dam, 420 Montgomery Straße, bietet mehrere der schönsten und rentabelsten Häuser und Grundstücke zum Verkaufe an. Näheres besagt die Anzeige in einer anderen Spalte.

☞ Wer ganz feine Taschenmesser, Scheeren, Schreibmaterialien, u. s. w., alles von der besten Qualität und zum billigen Preise kaufen will, der gehe zu D. E. Appleton & Co., No. 508 Montgomery Straße.

☞ Herr Gilbert hat die Willows übernommen und wird diesen Erholungsplatz nächsten Sonntag dem Publikum eröffnen. Sein großes Museum ist jetzt an diesem Platz.

☞ Trinkt Dr. Hostetter's Magenbitters. Es ist das beste Mittel gegen Unverdaulichkeit.

☞ Herr E. Goldsmith, No. 318 Kearny straße, zwischen Pine und Bush, offerirt sein wohlassortirtes Lager von Weiß Waaren, Spitzen, Bänder, Stickereien, Knöpfe u. s. w. zu wirklich billigen Preisen.

☞ Das immense Waarenlager der Herren Newman Bros., Importeure u. Händler von Holz- und Weidenwaaren, Nos. 406 und 408 Batterystraße, ist wirklich der Mühe werth, im Augenschein zu nehmen. Die Firma hat ihre Einkäufe in Europa und den Staaten selbst besorgt und ist deshalb im Stande billig zu verkaufen.

☞ Die modernsten und feinsten Anzüge in San Francisco verfertigt Herr Tammeyer, 325 Bushstraße, zwischen Kearny und Montgomery.

Wer eine Woche lang den Staub in San Francisco eingeathmet, der sehnt sich wahl einen Tag die frische, reine Landluft zu genießen. Herr Karl Schwarz hat den Rail Road Park, nahe der Eisenbahn Landung in Oakland, übernommen und denselben für „Pic Nics" &c. auf's Beste einrichten lassen. Jeden Sonntag ist dort großes Conzert. Die Ferry Boote gehen täglich von Ecke Davis und Pacific und von nahe dem Anfange der Marketstraße ab, wann ersieht man aus der Anzeige in iner anderen Spalte dieses Blattes.

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[ESTABLISHED 1850.]

First, Natoma, and Fremont Streets.

IRON FOUNDERS, STEAM ENGINE AND LOCOMOTIVE BUILDERS, BOILER MAKERS, AND WORKERS IN SHEET IRON, BRASS, AND COPPER.

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☞ Quartz Stampers, Shoes and Dies, of the best hard Iron, Quartz Screens of Russia Iron Punched to order. jy21

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THE FOLLOWING STEAMSHIP will be dispatched on the 3 of August 1865.

August 3, COLORADO, Captain J. T. Watkins

From Folsom street Wharf, at 11 o'clock A. M., punctually FOR PANAMA.

Passengers will be conveyed from Panama to Aspinwall by the Panama Railroad Company, and from Aspinwall to New York by the Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Company.

OLIVER ELDRIDGE, Agent P. M. S. Co.
oc26-1m Cor. Sacramento and Leidesdorff sts

DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS!

The operation of this palatable remedy upon the stomach, liver and excretory organs is singularly soothing and conservative. It regulates, recruits and purifies them. Dyspepsia in all its forms yields to its control and invigorating properties.

Invigorate the System.

Vigorous digestion and pure bile produce nutritious blood, and nutritious blood a healthy frame. Does the victim of a dyspeptic stomach and a disordered liver desire to know how the digestion may be improved, the bile and other fluids of the body purified?

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Will accomplish this desirable revolution in the system, regulating the secretions and excretions, giving tone to the animal juices which dissolve the food, strengthen every relaxed nerve, muscle and fibre, and brings the whole machinery of vitality into vigorous and healthy play.

Strengthen the System,

The best means of imparting vigor to the broken-down frame and shattered constitution, which has yet been invented or discovered, is proffered to the feeble of both sexes and all ages in

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Debility from whatever cause arising, may be cured: strength, in whatever manner it may have been wasted may be restored by the use of this powerful and healthful invigorant. For indigestion and all its painful effect, bodily and mental, they are a positive specifie.

A Word to the Aged.

In the decline of life the loss of vital force consequent upon physical decay can only be safely supplied by some vavifying preparation which recruits the strength and spirits without entailing the exhaustion which is always the final effect of ordinary stimulants. We tender to the aged

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters,

As an invigorant and restorative, immediate in its beneficial action and permanent in its effects. It tones the stomach, improves the appetite, and acts like a charm upon the spirits.

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Thousands of females resort to it as a remedy for hysteria, fluttering of the heart, nervous headache, vertigo, general debility, and all the peculiar disturbances and derangement to which, as a sex, they are subject. It cheers and enlightens the depressed mental powers, as well as strengthens the body, and its use is never followed by any reaction.

☞ Beware of Counterfeits. Purchase only of reliable dealers. Sold everywhere.

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AGENTS,
301 and 303 Battery Street, Corner of Clay.
je23 SAN FRANCISCO.

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New Store! New Goods! Cheap Prices!

The Undersigned has the pleasure to announce to his friends and patrons that he has opened a new store at

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Consisting of White Goods, Laces, Worsteds, Ribbons, Buttons, Stockings, Trimmings,

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And a large stock of other Fancy Goods too numerous to mention.

☞ Garibaldi's and all kinds of Laces and Worsted Work manufactured at the shortest notice.

Customers who will honor me by a call can be assured that they will find real bargains, and that they will be served with the utmost promptness.

E. GOLDSMITH,
No. 318 Kearny Street, Bet. Pine and Bush.
je16-3m.

THE GREAT SUNDAY RESORT!

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ASTOUNDING NOVELTIES!!

Sunday ..... June 25th

GILBERTS EXCELSIOR MUSEUM!

WAX STATUARY,
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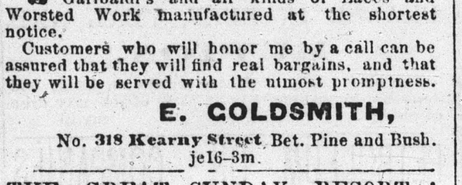
RARE OUT DOOR SPORTS FOR PRIZES!

GRAND CONCERT & BALL!

DO'NT FORGET SUNDAY, JUNE 25th!

Come One, Come All!



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Three doors from the Corner of Market, First brick house from the North Side,

Where she always has on hand a large variety of Millinery Goods of every description, and will sell the same lower than ever.

☞ Straw Hats cleansed and pressed with steam for 25 cents. jy21-1t

THE FIFTH INDUSTRIAL FAIR,

OF THE

Mechanics' Institute,

OF SAN FRANCISCO

TO BE HELD IN AUGUST, 1865.

THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE HAVING determined to hold their Fifth Industrial Fair during the coming season, the Executive Committee would respectfully invite all persons desirous of exhibiting Machines, Manufactures, Agricultural Implements, Horticultural Products, Minerals, Ores and Works of Art, to make application immediately, in order that the proper space may be allotted them.

The Exhibition will be opened to the public on THURSDAY, the Tenth day of August, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The Pavilion will be open for the reception of goods from the 15th of July to the 2d of August. Fruits, Flowers, Agricultural and Horticultural productions will be received until the day of opening.

The several transportation companies, as on former occasions, have, with commendable liberality, consented to transport articles intended exclusively for exhibition, free of charge, and Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co., in like manner, will take charge of them.

All articles forwarded should be labeled, "For the Industrial Fair," San Francisco.

All communications to be addressed to C. S. HIGGINS, Corresponding Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

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The undersigned would call the attention of the Ladies of San Francisco to his immense Stock of Dry Goods, of every description, which he will sell

AT LOWER RATES THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THE CITY.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CLOAKS.

☞ Don't forget to call before purchasing elsewhere. J. JOSEPH & CO.,
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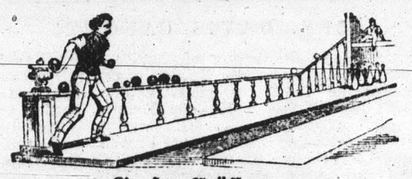

Große Eröffnung
der
Eureka Exchange
und
BOWLING SALOON.
In L. Götze's Building, Pine Straße,
Maguire's Academy of Music gegenüber,
Am Sonnabend Abend, 1. Juli 1865.

Obiger Saloon ist auf das Feinste eingerichtet und steht die Bar unter der besonderen Aufsicht von L. Götze und John Schreiber, welche garantiren, daß nur die feinsten Weine geführt werden.

Der Kegelbahn Saloon enthält zehn der schönsten und größten Kegelbahnen der Stadt und steht unter Aufsicht von Joseph Kahn.

Zu recht zahlreichem Besuch laden ein
jn30-1m Die Eigenthümer.

Italian Opera Season,

....AT....

MAGUIRE'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

GRAND OPERATIC COMBINATION!

☞ The Manager takes pleasure in announcing that he has effected a combination of the principal Operatic Artists now in California, which will enable him to present in rapid succession a series of Grand Operas in a style never before attempted in any city in the United States, nor surpassed in the principal cities of Europe.

WITH THE FOLLOWING GREAT ARTISTS:

SIGNORINA OLIVIA SCONCIA,
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MISS ADELAIDE PHILLIPS,
Prima Dona Contralto;
SIGNOR GIOVANNI SBRIGLIA,
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SIGNOR DOMO. ORLANDINI,
Primo Baritono;
SIG. F. MORELLI,
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SIGNOR FOSSATI,
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FULL GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA,
Conducted by Mr. A. Reiff, Jr.

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ARE OFFERING AT THEIR RETAIL STORE

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THEIR ENTIRE SPRING IMPORTATION OF

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In splendid Moir Antique, Watered, Chine, Plain, Plaid, Brocade and Black, of every description.

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In Poplins, Mozambiques, Challys, Empress and Ottoman Cloths, De Laines, French, English and American Prints, Ginghams, Organdies, Percales, etc.

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Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's Hose and Half-Hose and Under-Garments in Silk, Merino and Cotton; Gentlemen's Linen and Cotton Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Neckties, etc.

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SAQUES, BASQUES, and OPERA CLOAKS, in the latest Paris Fashions.

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1000 doz Ladies' Cotton Hose at $3 per doz;
400 pieces French Print, yard wide, 30c;
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600 pieces good Shirting Linens, from 30 to 75c,
5000 dresses best Merrimac Prints, $2 25 per dress;
2000 doz Ladies' and Gentlemen's Linen Cambric Hdkfs, from 50 to $15 per doz. je30-5t

GEO. B. HITCHCOCK & CO.

COUNTING HOUSE,
Bank and Insurance
STATIONERS,
413 & 415 Sansome St.

CORNER OF COMMERCIAL.
jy21

☞ Von morgen (Donnerstag den 13. Juli) ab, werden wir eine

„Wochen-Ausgabe der Abend Post"

herausgeben, welche jeden Donnerstag erscheint und 28 Spalten Lesestoff enthält, worin die interessantesten Artikel und neuesten Berichte der täglichen Ausgabe ausgewählt werden sollen. Das Blatt eignet sich sowohl zur Versendung nach dem Innern, als für den Osten und Europa und sind die Abonnementspreise folgende:

Ein Jahr	$4.00
Sechs Monate	2.50
Drei Monate	1.50
Einzelne Nummern	12 1-2 Cents

Das Porto ist vom Empfänger zu bezahlen.

Die Herausgeber
Leo Eloesser & Co.

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Those that wish to procure GOOD WINES, TEAS, and COFFEE, Etc., Etc., CHEAP—can have their wants supplied by calling at FRANCIS C. BELDEN & Co.'s, 612 Sacramento Street, Two Doors West of Parrott's Bank. fc3

H. W. SCHMIDT,

CHEMIST
AND
Apothecary,

HAS MADE IT HIS SPECIAL occupation to compound Physician's Prescriptions, and for that purpose constantly keeps on hand the purest Drugs and Chemicals, etc., at the

Cor. Kearny & Sacramento sts.
de18 tf

Oils! Oils!

10,000 GALLONS PURE BOILED LINseed Oil;
6,000 Gallons No. 1 Lard Oil
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4,000 Gallons Pure Sperm Oil;
1,500 Gallons Neats Foot Oil;
500 Gallons Castor Oil;
3,000 Gallons Rape Seed Oil.

WHITE LEAD,

100 Tons, in wood and tin.

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50,000 Pounds, assorted colors, dry and in oil

GLASS.

5,000 Boxes Window Glass, assorted sizes;
300 Lights Rough Plate, 1 inch thick.

BRUSHES.

500 Dozen, assorted sizes.

Now landing and in store, and for sale in lots to suit, at very low rates, by

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Paints, Oils and Glass Depot,
316 and 318 Washington street, and
317 and 319 Oregon street. jn9-tf

WARD'S PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS.

THESE SHIRTS HAVE BEEN CELEBRated for quality, workmanship, and perfect fit for the last ten years, in the Eastern States and are too well known to need any comment. Try and you will be satisfied with price, etc.

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5 40 A. M.	5.50 A. M.	6.00 A. M.	7.00 A. M.
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9 50 A. M.	10.00 A. M.	10 10 A. M.	11 00 A. M.
11 50 A. M.	12.00 A. M.	12 10 P. M.	1 00 P. M.
1.50 P. M.	2 00 P. M.	2.10 P. M.	3 00 P. M.
3 50 P. M.	4.00 P. M.	4.10 P. M.	4.45 P. M.
5.35 P. M.	5 45 P. M.	5.55 P. M.	6.45 P. M.

ON SUNDAYS.

Leave San Francisco at 7.45, 9.15, 10 30, 11.45, A. M. 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.15, and 6.30 P. M. Leave San Antonio and Oakland, 8 50, 7 50, 9 15, 10 30, 11 45 A. M.; 1 30, 3 00, 4 00, and 5.15 P. M. A fine enclosed Picnic Ground near the Steamer Landing for pleasure parties, with plenty of good water, dancing floor, benches, tables, swings, and everything in good order. A man always in attendance to take care of the grounds.

An EXTRA TRIP will be run on Saturday Evenings, leaving San Antonio at 6 45 P. M., Oakland at 6 55 P. M., and San Francisco at 11 30 P. M.

Fare Each Way ..... 25 Cents.

☞ For the accommodation of Freight a Special Train will leave San Antonio at 7.00 and 9.00 A. M., and 1.00 and 5.00 P. M.; from Oakland at 7.15 and 9.15 A. M., and 1.15 and 5.15 P. M.; and from San Francisco at 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 A. M., 1.00 and 3.00 P. M. No freight will be taken after 3 o'clock on this route.

☞ No Freight or Animals will be taken on Passenger Trains.

From near the Foot of Market Street on the Creek Route, Daily.

San Antonio.	Oakland.	San Francisco.
7.00 A. M.	7.30 A. M.	9.00 A. M.
11.00 A. M.	11.30 A. M.	1.15 P. M.
3.15 P. M.	3.30 P. M.	5.00 P. M.

☞ The rates of freight and passage the same on both routes

A safe and convenient Wharf and Carriage way at each landing, free of charge.

The Steamer SAN ANTONIO TO LET, for Excursions.
jy21 C. W. STEVENS, Superintendent.

REMOVAL.

HENRY NEWMAN,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Manufacturer of California Quartz Jewelry in all its Branches,

Has Removed from 126 Montgomery Street, to
NO. 13 SECOND STREET,
Near Market, SAN FRANCISCO.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED AND WARRANTED.